

Geometry	
Arc length $s = \theta r$	Linear speed = $\frac{\text{arc length}}{\text{time}}$
Sector area $A = \frac{1}{2}\theta r^2$	Angular speed = $\frac{\text{central angle measure}}{\text{time}}$
Area = $\frac{1}{2}bc \sin A$	Area = $\sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$ where $s = \frac{a+b+c}{2}$

Laws of Sines and Cosines	
$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$	$\cos A = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc}$

Pythagorean Identities	
$1 + \tan^2 \theta = \sec^2 \theta$	$1 + \cot^2 \theta = \csc^2 \theta$

Even and Odd Functions		
$\cos \theta = \cos(-\theta)$	$\sin(-\theta) = -\sin \theta$	$\tan(-\theta) = -\tan \theta$

Simple Harmonic Motion	
period = $\frac{2\pi}{\omega}$	frequency = $\frac{\omega}{2\pi}$

Sum and Difference Formulas			
$\sin(u+v) = \sin u \cos v + \cos u \sin v$	$\sin(u-v) = \sin u \cos v - \cos u \sin v$	$\cos(u+v) = \cos u \cos v - \sin u \sin v$	$\cos(u-v) = \cos u \cos v + \sin u \sin v$
$\tan(u+v) = \frac{\tan u + \tan v}{1 - \tan u \tan v}$		$\tan(u-v) = \frac{\tan u - \tan v}{1 + \tan u \tan v}$	

Double and Half Angle Formulas			
$\sin\left(\frac{u}{2}\right) = \pm\sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos u}{2}}$	$\cos\left(\frac{u}{2}\right) = \pm\sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos u}{2}}$	$\tan\left(\frac{u}{2}\right) = \frac{1 - \cos u}{\sin u} = \frac{\sin u}{1 + \cos u}$	
$\sin(2u) = 2 \sin u \cos u$	$\cos(2u) = \cos^2 u - \sin^2 u$	$* \tan(2u) = \frac{2 \tan u}{1 - \tan^2 u}$	
		*If both sides exist	

More Formulas

$\sin u \sin v = \frac{1}{2}[\cos(u - v) - \cos(u + v)]$	$\sin u + \sin v = 2 \sin\left(\frac{u+v}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{u-v}{2}\right)$
$\cos u \cos v = \frac{1}{2}[\cos(u - v) + \cos(u + v)]$	$\sin u - \sin v = 2 \cos\left(\frac{u+v}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{u-v}{2}\right)$
$\sin u \cos v = \frac{1}{2}[\sin(u + v) + \sin(u - v)]$	$\cos u + \cos v = 2 \cos\left(\frac{u+v}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{u-v}{2}\right)$
$= \frac{1}{2}[\sin(u + v) - \cos(v - u)]$	$\cos u - \cos v = -2 \sin\left(\frac{u+v}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{u-v}{2}\right)$
$\sin^2 u = \frac{1 - \cos(2u)}{2}$	$\tan^2 u = \frac{1 - \cos(2u)}{1 + \cos(2u)}$
$\cos^2 u = \frac{1 + \cos(2u)}{2}$	