

ANSWERS TO ODD NUMBERED HW PROBLEMS AND ALL REVIEW PROBLEMS

CH 11 GAME THEORY

11.1 Strictly Determined Games

- 1). a. The game is strictly determined. Optimal strategy for the row player is to always play row 1 and never row 2. In other words, his strategy is $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$. The optimal strategy for the column player is to always to play column 1 and never to play column 2. We write it as $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$. When both players play their optimal strategy, the value of the game is 1.
- c. The game has no saddle point, therefore, it is not strictly determined.
- e. The game is strictly determined. The optimal strategy for the row player is to always play row 4, and never play any other row. We write his strategy as $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$. The column player's strategy is $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$. The value of the game is 2.
- 3). a. $\begin{bmatrix} .05 & .10 \\ -.08 & -.12 \end{bmatrix}$
- b. The optimal strategy for the mayor is $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and for his opponenent is $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$.
- In other words, both candidates should oppose abortion rights.

11.2 Non-Strictly Determined Games

- 1). a. The optimal strategy for the row player is $\begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 1/2 \end{bmatrix}$. The optimal strategy for the column player is $\begin{bmatrix} 1/2 \\ 1/2 \end{bmatrix}$. The value of the game 0.
- c. Optimal strategy for the row player is $\begin{bmatrix} 2/7 & 5/7 \end{bmatrix}$. The optimal strategy for the column player is $\begin{bmatrix} 6/7 \\ 1/7 \end{bmatrix}$. The value of the game is $16/7$.
- 3). a. $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ -3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$
- b. Optimal strategy for the row player is $\begin{bmatrix} 7/12 & 5/12 \end{bmatrix}$ The optimal strategy for the column player is $\begin{bmatrix} 7/12 \\ 5/12 \end{bmatrix}$. The value of the game is $-1/12$.

11.3 Reduction by Dominance

1). $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$, $R = [1/2 \quad 1/2 \quad 0]$, $C = \begin{bmatrix} 2/3 \\ 1/3 \end{bmatrix}$, The value = 1

3). $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$, $R = [2/3 \quad 1/3 \quad 0]$, $C = \begin{bmatrix} 2/3 \\ 0 \\ 1/3 \end{bmatrix}$, The value = 0

5). $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -4 \\ -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$, $R = [.6 \quad 0 \quad .4 \quad 0]$, $C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ .8 \\ .2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$, The value = -0.8

7). $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -8 \\ 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$, $R = [0 \quad 2/7 \quad 5/7 \quad 0]$, $C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 13/14 \\ 1/14 \end{bmatrix}$, The value = 9/7

11.4 Chapter Review

1). a. $R = [0 \quad 1]$, $C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$, value = 3 b. $R = [1 \quad 0 \quad 0]$, $C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$, $v = -1$

c. $R = [0 \quad 1]$, $C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$, value = 3 d. $R = [0 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 0]$, $C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$, $v = 3$

2). a. $\begin{bmatrix} -5 & 10 \\ 5 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$ b. $R = [0 \quad 1]$, $C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$, value = 5 cents

3). a. $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 30 \\ -5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ b. $R = [1 \quad 0]$, $C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$, value = 5%

4). a. $\begin{bmatrix} .14 & .08 & .11 \\ .12 & .11 & .11 \\ .06 & .09 & .10 \end{bmatrix}$ b. $[0 \quad 1 \quad 0]$, $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$, or $[0 \quad 1 \quad 0]$, $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$, value = .11

5). a. $\begin{bmatrix} -.02 & .03 \\ .01 & -.01 \end{bmatrix}$ b. stocks = 2/7, CD's = 5/7

6). a. $[1/2 \quad 1/2]$, $\begin{bmatrix} 1/2 \\ 1/2 \end{bmatrix}$, value = 0 b. $[5/9 \quad 4/9]$, $\begin{bmatrix} 2/9 \\ 7/9 \end{bmatrix}$, value = 10/9

c. $[5/7 \quad 2/7]$, $\begin{bmatrix} 6/7 \\ 1/7 \end{bmatrix}$, value = 23/7 d. $[1/2 \quad 1/2]$, $\begin{bmatrix} 4/7 \\ 3/7 \end{bmatrix}$, value = 1

7). 19/8; 14/9

8). \$11,000

9). $[1/2 \quad 1/2]$, $\begin{bmatrix} 2/3 \\ 1/3 \end{bmatrix}$, $v = 0$

10). Pass = 9/25, Run = 16/25 11). $[10/19 \quad 9/19]$, payoff = 9.58 fish

12). $[1 \quad 0]$, payoff = 2 points

11.4 CONTINUED

13). a. $\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, [0 \quad 1/3 \quad 2/3], \begin{bmatrix} 4/9 \\ 0 \\ 5/9 \end{bmatrix}, \text{value} = 1/3$

b. $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}, [0 \quad 1/4 \quad 3/4 \quad 0], \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 \\ 1/2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \text{value} = 5/2$

c. $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}, [5/6 \quad 0 \quad 1/6 \quad 0], \begin{bmatrix} 1/6 \\ 5/6 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \text{value} = 19/6$

d. $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, [3/4 \quad 1/4], \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \text{value} = 1$

e. $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 \\ 4 & -7 \end{bmatrix}, [11/14 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 3/14], \begin{bmatrix} 10/14 \\ 4/14 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \text{value} = 6/7$

f. $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, [1/2 \quad 1/2 \quad 0 \quad 0], \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1/2 \\ 1/2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \text{value} = 1$