

Final Examination Review  
Math 212

## Chapter 1

1) Evaluate for  $x = 8, y = 3: x^2 - 4(x - y)$

2) Express in set-builder notation and graph on the number line:  $[-3, 1)$ 

Simplify

3)  $-|-7|$

4)  $-20 - (-5)$

5)  $(-3)(-11)$

Simplify. Positive exponents only.

6)  $4(-5) - 6(-3)$

7)  $\frac{10 \div 2 + 3 \cdot 4}{(12 - 3 \cdot 2)^2}$

8)  $4(5y - 3) - (6y + 3)$

9)  $\frac{a^{-4}b^7}{c^{-3}}$

10)  $(-3y^8)(-7y^4)$

11)  $\frac{-24a^8x^2y^{-2}}{-8a^{-3}x^{-5}y^{-1}}$

Solve the equation

12)  $8y - 3 = y + 43$    13)  $\frac{1}{2}(4x + 8) - 16 = -\frac{2}{3}(9x - 12)$

## Chapter 2

1) Find the domain, range in roster form:  $[(1, 2)(3, 4)(5, 6)]$ 2) If  $g(x) = 3x^2 + 5$ , find  $g(5)$ If  $f(x) = x - 6$  and  $g(x) = 2x^2$  find

3)  $(f + g)(5)$                   4)  $(gf)(x)$

## Linear Functions

5) Find slope and y-intercept:  $y = -3x + 2$ 6) Find slope of a line that passes through the points  $(-3, -2)$  and  $(2, 5)$ 7) Rewrite in slope intercept form:  $3x + y = 4$ 8) Rewrite in standard form:  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 3$ 9) Write in standard form a line that has slope of  $-6$  and passes through  $(-2, -4)$ 

## Lines

10) Find the slope of a line that is parallel to and perpendicular to  $8x + y = 11$ 

## Chapter 3

1) Solve the system of equations three ways:  $\begin{cases} 6x - y = -5 \\ 4x - 2y = 6 \end{cases}$

## Chapter 4

Solve the inequality and graph the solution set on the number line

1)  $8x + 3 > 3(2x + 1)$

2)  $7(x + 4) - 13 \leq 12 + 13(3 + x)$

Graph the solution set on the coordinate plane

3)  $2x + y > 6$

4)  $\begin{cases} x + y \leq 4 \\ y > 2x - 4 \end{cases}$

## Chapter 5

1) Find the leading coefficient and the degree of the polynomial:  $x^5 + 3x^2y^4 - 7xy + 9x - 2$ 

Simplify completely:

2)  $(10x^4y^2 - 3x^2y^2 + 2xy) + (-16x^4y^2 - xy - 4x^2y)$

3)  $(3x^4y^2 + 5x^3y - 3y) - (2x^4y^2 - 3x^3y - 4y + 6x)$

Multiply

4)  $(11w^4x^2y)(-3w^6xy^5)$

5)  $-4x^2y(3w^4x^2 - 7wx^3 + 6)$

6)  $(3x - y)(2x + 5y)$

7)  $(2x + 5y)^2$

Factor Completely

8)  $32x^4 + 2x^3 + 8x^2$

9)  $x^2 - 9x + 20$

10)  $8x^3 - 40x^2 - 48x$

11)  $5x^2 - 14x + 8$

12)  $9x^2 - 100$

13)  $81x^4 - 16$

14)  $4x^2 + 12xy + 9y^2$

15)  $x^3 - 125$

Solve the equation

16)  $3x^2 + 10x = 8$

17)  $4x^2 = 12x - 9$

## Chapter 7

Evaluate:

1)  $-\sqrt{36}$

2)  $-\sqrt{144} + \sqrt{25}$

3)  $\sqrt[3]{-27}$

4) Find the domain:  $f(x) = \sqrt{3x - 15}$ 

Simplify:

5)  $-\sqrt{-300}$

6)  $\sqrt{-63}$

7)  $i^2$

## Chapter 8

Solve the equation:

1)  $5x^2 = 25$

2)  $3(x-2)^2 = 36$

3)  $x^2 - 3x - 5 = 0$

4)  $9x^2 + x = -2$

5)  $2x(x-2) = x + 12$

Write a quadratic equation in standard form that has the given solution set.

6)  $\{-3, 5\}$

7)  $\{-6i, 6i\}$

Find the following then graph on the coordinate plane.

a) Vertex

b) intercepts

8)  $f(x) = 2(x+4)^2 - 3$

9)  $f(x) = 2x - x^2 + 3$