Board of Trustees Agenda Item

Board Meeting Date: 04/04/11

Title of Item:

Update on 2011-12 Budget Development

Background and Analysis:

Attached is a memo to the Chancellor, which outlines the latest changes to our budget planning for FY 2011-12, based on information from the Chancellor's office and development in Sacramento.

Recommendation: Information only

Submitted by:	Kevin McElroy
Additional contact names:	Bernata Slater
Is backup provided?	Yes

March 21, 2011

To: Linda Thor and the Board of Trustees From: Kevin McElroy, Bernata Slater

Subject: Update on 2011-12 Budget

During our January 31 Board of Trustees Budget Workshop we discussed three different potential scenarios based on the governor's proposed budget. The three scenarios discussed during the workshop included:

- A very optimistic Scenario 1 where a June tax package would be approved, cuts would be offset by a student fee increase and a workload reduction would be implemented
- Scenario 2A where the June tax package would fail, Prop 98 would be funded at the minimum, cuts would be offset by a student fee increase and a workload reduction would be implemented
- Scenario 2B where the June tax package would fail, Prop 98 would be funded at the minimum, cuts <u>would not</u> be offset by a student fee increase and a workload reduction would be implemented

Each of the scenarios now incorporates a workload reduction of 10%, 14% and 20% respectively. This workload reduction is due to state cuts of 6%, 10% and 16% respectively in addition to the 4% in enrollment projected to be lost in FY 2010/11 (projections as of P-1). All scenarios are subject to change if restoration of the FTES lost in FY 2010/11 materializes. The colleges are currently putting all efforts into restoring the base FTES to ensure full funding of our authorized FTES level and minimize the level of cuts in FY 2011/12.

Based on the latest update from the Community College League of California, the system office and other statewide groups (see attached), the 2011-12 budget picture for community colleges continues to look bleak. We have updated the *Scenarios Summary* as of March 20th to reflect the latest information available. Based on this information, the student fees increase will be used to offset the total cuts to the system and workload reduction will be implemented. We deleted Scenario 2B and added Scenario 3 as the next most likely budget dilemma we might face since the extension of the tax package is looking even dimmer. Without the additional revenue, Proposition 98 may well be suspended out of necessity. Under this scenario our deficit would potentially increase to \$20.3M. As we discussed in the January 31st Board Budget Workshop, the colleges and Central Services are working towards building a 2011-12 budget to reflect Scenario 1 (as shown in the attached chart) that will exact a \$10.5 million cut from FY 2010-11. This is the bare minimum cut that will be needed and the District is also working on contingency budget plans to reflect the more severe cut scenarios (Scenario 2A and Scenario 3).

Under the provision of the 50% law where fifty percent of all Unrestricted General Fund expenses must be spent on direct teaching expenses, reduction to such expenses (part-time and full-time teaching costs) that are due to workload reduction need to be matched by a corresponding reduction on the non-teaching side to prevent the District from being in violation of the regulation. Consequently, it is realistic to expect that the District will be incorporating an overall reduction in our total size of between 10% and 20% due to revenue cuts imposed by the state.

District Business Services and the Budget office are providing detailed financial data and analysis to the colleges and Central Services to assist in determining how and where the cuts will need to be made. The data includes estimates of likely required staffing reductions as well as "B" budget broken down by each entity. As previously noted in keeping with our *balanced formula* approach, this should result in each of the

colleges and Central services reducing staffing levels and their discretionary "B" budget by a minimum of 10% to 20% consistent with the 2011/12 planned state imposed workload reduction as well as the loss of FTES in FY 2010/11(a fewer number of students we will be served, hence reduced funding for fewer students served).

It important to note that even after making the appropriate staffing reductions corresponding to the workload reduction on both the teaching and non-teaching sides of the budget, we still will not have made enough expenditure reductions to balance the budget. In general this is due to a few major factors that come in to play when making budget cuts of this magnitude to our operations:

- Revenue cuts imposed through workload reduction do not translate to an equal percentage cut when it comes to teaching costs; only a portion of teaching costs can be reduced when workload reduction is imposed; the remainder of cuts will need to come from the non-teaching side
- Our district-wide operating expenses (fixed expenses), such as leases, legal expenses, utilities, audit fees, insurance and claims, mandated match/transfer to Special Ed Fund, software/hardware maintenance and union negotiated items will generally slightly increase rather than decrease. The district will also incur increases to steps and column on the salary schedule. Although on average the fixed expenses represent only 10% of our total operating budget, these costs are relatively consistent and vary little from year-to-year. These increases in addition to step and column increases are estimated to grow by approximately \$3M. We are currently investigating what reductions could me made to the fixed, district-wide operating expenses through contract renegotiation with vendors, etc. Negotiations to reduce these expenses are not expected to yield large savings, if any.

Consequently, once teaching expenses are reduced, we will be forced to extract the remaining/*disproportionate* share of the budget cuts from the non-teaching segment of our budget <u>or</u> explore other options such as salary/benefit savings from all groups that would need to be negotiated at the bargaining tables. Without regulatory relief or a change in the funding formula for state apportionment, it will become increasingly difficult to maintain basic operations to "keep the doors open" while at the same time meeting our FTES targets to sustain funding.

Another key component in planning for the future operation of the district will be the change in our faculty obligation number (FON) for 2011-12 and beyond, after the workload reduction is imposed. The likely 10% to 20% workload reduction will lower our FON (Full Time Faculty Obligation Number) by the same percentage, which translates to between approximately 47 and 94 fewer full time positions required to meet the regulation (These estimates are based on P-1 projections and will be revised once P-2 report is certified with the state). The district will need to carefully analyze our full time faculty numbers since it is nearly impossible for our district or any district in the state to remain fiscally viable funding a significant number of full time faculty above their established FON.

Given the scope of the inevitable state revenue reductions and the size of the deficit (\$10 to \$20 M) that our district will be facing, the Stability Fund is an absolutely critical component of our planning for FY 2011-12. Our Second Quarter report estimates the Stability Fund to have a balance of approximately \$14M at the end of this fiscal year. (*These estimates are preliminary and will be adjusted during the third quarter when we will know if our efforts to restore FTES were successful and how they affected budgeted productivity. If some funds are used to generate FTES, our estimated Stability Fund may decrease to approximately \$12M. If the restoration materializes, our base revenue will be adjusted up and consequently next year state reduction will be reduced)* Our plan is to maintain a balance of \$4M in the Stability Fund going into FY 2012-13; hence we may be left with approximately \$10M in one-time money to augment the 2011-12 budgets before full implementation of the cuts.

Therefore, if Scenario 1 becomes our actual target, we will have the choice to postpone implementation of the \$10M cut to July of 2012. If Scenario 3 is the target, we will exhaust the Stability Fund by approximately December of this calendar year (2011) and will need to implement the full \$20M worth of cuts beginning January 1, 2012. Any target between \$10 and \$20M will use up our Stability Fund

sometime between January and June of 2012. Working backwards on a timeline, we will have a **very** short window to develop and implement our budget reduction plans if Scenario 3 becomes our reality.

Another option for the Stability Fund and timeline for implementation of the cuts would be to augment the fund by re-directing current carry-over fund balances (from the colleges and Central Services). This could increase the Stability Fund balance to between \$18 and \$20M (after securing \$4M in Stability Funds for FY 2012/13) at the end of FY 2010-11. We are currently evaluating how much of the one-time carryover may be available to close the deficit, as these funds are currently designated to buffer reductions in B budget as well as cuts to the General Purpose Fund and Categorical programs.

We will continue to develop the specifics of the budget cut scenarios as they relate to the building of our 2011-12 budget over the coming weeks and report back to the Board as more information becomes available. We plan to submit the Tentative Budget to the Board of Trustees on schedule in June using the Stability Fund to balance the projected short fall. We will have our balanced budget recommendation for Scenario 1 that includes the necessary cuts ready by the end of the spring quarter. Given the latest information coming from Sacramento regarding the unlikelihood of the tax measure making a June ballot, plans for developing a Scenario 3 budget will likely need to be accelerated over the summer to be implemented when/if required.

Scenarios Summary-revised 3/20/11

Notes: Total range of state cuts: \$11M to \$25M offset by increase in student fee Presented below are all three scenarios discussed during 1/31/11 BoT workshop (Scenario 1, 2A, 2B) plus additional scenario representing deepest cuts (Scenario 3) (state cuts reflective equivalent of \$8M, \$14 M,\$17M and \$22M)

Fiscal Year:	10/11	11/12	11/12	11/12	11/12	11/12
		Status Quo	Scenario 1	Scenario 2A	Scenario 2B	Scenario 3
State cut			\$8M	\$14M	\$17M	\$22M
Assumptions:			6% workload reduction, increase in operating expenses, assuming	June tax package fails, Prop 98 at minimum,student	,2% workload reduction, assuming Juna tax package fails, student fee increase <u>dges not</u>	reduction, assuming June tax package fails, Prop 98
		base reduced due to FTES loss in 10/11, increase in operating expenses	fee increase offsets	state cuts, increase		suspended, student fee increase offsets cuts, increase in operating expense
Revenue	181,156,493	176,751,387	168,727,979	162,642,059	159,598,593	154,160,865
Expenses	182,273,451	181,884,824	179,251,071	177,253,315	176,254,271	174,469,290
Net:	(1,116,958)	(5,133,437)	(10,523,092)	(14,611,256)	(16,655,678)	(20,308,425)

Major Variables that may increase/decrease projections:	10/11	11/12 Status Quo	11/12 Scenario 1	11/12 Scenario 2A	11/12 Scenario 2B	11/12 Scenario 3
reduction in deficit factor (up to)	1,563,416	1,503,900	1,424,793	1,364,788	1,334,781	1,281,167
Non-resident tuitionenrollment uncertainty(\$18M-19M Budget)	?	?	?	?	?	?
restoration of FTES lost in 10/11 (net of PT Faculty expenses)		3,376,901	3,376,901	3,376,901	3,376,901	3,376,901
Productivity increase or decrease	?	?	?	?	?	?
Impact of Enrollment Fee increase on FTES		?	?	?	?	?

Projected Available Resources to close deficit in FY 11/12 (est. as of 12/31/10):

Stability Fund:	14,000,000
Colleges/CS Carryover	8,200,000

\$ 22,200,000

Multi-Year projections (Update as of 3/20/11)

			-Status Quo Base reduced due to FTES lost	in 10/11	Scenario 1 Workload Reduction 6% (\$7.9 Assuming June Tax Package is A Student Fee increase offset total	pproved	Scenario 2A Workload Reduction 10% (\$1 Assuming June Tax Package Fa Student Fee increase offset tol	ails tal cuts	Scenario 2B Workload Reduction 12% (\$17M o Assuming June Tax Package Fails Prop 98 at minimum	quiv	Scenario 3 Workload Reduction 16% (\$22. Assuming June Tax Package Fail: Prop 98 suspended	ls
Description:	10/11 Descr	%	11/12 Descr	%	11/12 Descr	%	Prop 98 at minimum 11/12 Descr	%	11/12 Descr 9	/o	Student Fee increase offset to 11/12 Descr	
Revenue										/		
Apportionment	156,341,642 COLA 0 Growth Base FTES addtl FTES Cr Rate FT	0.00% 0.00% 32,094 0 4,585	150,390,007 COLA 0 Growth Base FTES addtl FTES Cr Rate FTES	0.00% 0.00% 30,792 0 4,585	142,479,279 COLA 0 Growth Base FTES addtl FTES Cr Rate FTES	0.00% 0.00% 29,064 0 4,585	136,478,829 COLA 0 Growth Base FTES addtl FTES Cr Rate FTES	0.00% 0.00% 27,753 0 4,585	133 478,104 COLA 0 Growth Base FTES addti FTES Cr Rate FTES	0.00% 0.00% 27,098 0 4,585	128,116,744 COLA 0 Growth Base FTES addtl FTES Cr Rate FTES	0.00% 0.00% 25,927 0 0
Deficit Factor	(1,563,416)		(1,503,900)		(1,424,793) Deficit Factor	1.00%	(1,364,788) Deficit Factor	1.00%	(1,334,781) Deficit Factor	1.00%	(1,281,167) Deficit Factor	1.00%
Non-Res	18,139,095 Fee Incr 0 Growth	0.00%	19,968,830 Fee Incr 0 Growth	0.00% 0.00%	19,968,830 Fee Incr 0 Growth	0.00%	19,968,830 Fee Incr 0 Growth	0.00%	19,968,830 Fee Incr 0 Growth	0.00%	19,968,830 Fee Incr 0 Growth	0.00%
Other	8,239,173	0.00%	7,896,450	0.00%	7,704,663	0.00%	7,559,189	0.00%	7,486,440	0.00%	7,356,459	0.00%
Total Revenue	181,156,493		176,751,387		168,727,979		162,642,059		159,598,593		154,160,865	
Expenses:												
Salaries: FT Faculty	44,700,934 COLA	0.00%	44,700,934 COLA	0.00%	44,700,934 COLA	0.00%	44,700,934 COLA	0.00%	44,700,934 COLA	0.00%	44,700,934 COLA	0.00%
	- Growth	0.00%	- Growth	0.00%	- Growth	0.00%	- Growth	0.00%	- Growth	0.00%	- Growth	0.00%
PT Faculty	steps, colu 32,112,201 COLA	1.00% 0.00%	447,009 steps, column 29,409,292 COLA	1.00% 0.00%	447,009 steps, column 26,801,616 COLA	1.00%	447,009 steps, column 24,823,640 COLA	1.00%	447,009 steps, column 23,834,487 COLA	1.00% 0.00%	447,009 steps, column 22,067,179 COLA	1.00% 0.00%
	- Growth	0.00%	- Growth	0.00%	- Growth	0.00%	- Growth	0.00%	- Growth	0.00%	- Growth	0.00%
PT Equitu Full Implementation Change in Productivitu	-	0.00%	294,093	1.00%	268,016 steps, column	1.00%	248,236 steps, column	1.00%	238,345 steps, column	1.00%	220,672 steps, column	1.00%
Non-teaching	39,222,821 COLA	0.00%	39,222,821 COLA	0.00%	39,222,821 COLA	0.00%	39,222,821 COLA	0.00%	39,222,821 COLA	0.00%	39,222,821 COLA	0.00%
	- Growth steps, colu	0.00%	- Growth 392,228 steps, column	0.00%	- Growth 392,228 steps, column	0.00%	- Growth 392,228 steps, column	0.00%	- Grow <mark>i</mark> h 392,228 steps, column	0.00%	- Growth 392,228 steps, column	0.00%
Total Salaries	116,035,956		114,466,377		111,832,624		109,834,868		108,835,824		107,050,843	
Benefits: Discretionary	22,112,794 Cost Incr	0.00%	22,112,794 Cost Incr	0.00%	22,112,794 Cost Incr	0.00%	22,112,794 Cost Incr	0.00%	22,112,794 Cost Incr	0.00%	22,112,794 Cost Incr	0.00%
Regulatory	17,071,742 COLA	0.00%	17,071,742 COLA	0.00%	17,071,742 COLA	0.00%	17,071,742 COLA	0.00%	17,071,742 GOLA	0.00%	17,071,742 COLA	0.00%
	- steps, colu - Growth	0.00% 0.00%	391,845 steps, column - Growth	1.00% 0.00%	391,845 steps, column - Growth	1.00% 0.00%	391,845 steps, column - Growth	1.00% 0.00%	391,845 steps, column - Growth	1.00% 0.00%	391,845 steps, column - Growth	1.00% 0.00%
Total Benefits	39,184,536		39,576,381		39,576,381		39,576,381		39,576,381		39,576,381	
B Budget	8,737,434 COLA	0.00%	8,737,434 COLA	0.00%	8,737,434 COLA	0.00%	8,737,434 COLA	0.00%	8,737,434 COLA	0.00%	8,737,434 COLA	0.00%
	0 Growth	0.00%	0 Growth	0.00%	0 Growth	0.00%	0 Growth	0.00%	0 Growth	0.00%	0 Growth	0.00%
Unfunded Ret Liability	400,000	0.00%	400,000	0.00%	400,000	0.00%	400,000	0.00%	400,000	0.00%	400,000	0.00%
Utilities Insurance and Claims	3,161,493 1,062,710	0.00%	3,161,493 1,115,845	0.00% 5.00%	3,161,493 1,115,845	0.00%	3,161,493 1,115,845	0.00% 5.00%	3,161,493 1,115,845	0.00% 5.00%	3,161,493 1,115,845	0.00%
Software/Hardware Maint	1,353,345	0.00%	1,488,679	10.00%	1,488,679	10.00%	1,488,679	10.00%	1,488,679		1,488,679	10.00%
Special Ed Match Lease of Instr Space	5,095,739 1,055,328	0.00%	5,146,696 1,073,269	1.00% 1.70%	5,146,696 1,073,269	1.00% 1.70%	5,146,696 1,073,269	1.00% 1.70%	5,14 <mark>6,696</mark> 1,073,269	1.00%	5,146,696 1,073,269	1.00%
Other	6,186,912	0.00%	6,718,650	2.00%	6,718,650	2.00%	6,718,650	2.00%	6,718,650	2.00%	6,718,650	2.00%
Total Other Expenses	27,052,960	0.00%	27,842,066	2.00%	27,842,066	2.00%	27,842,066	2.00%	27,842,066	2.00%	27,842,066	2.00%
Total Expenses	182,273,451		181,884,824		179,251,071		177,253,315		176,254,271		174,469,290	
Difference (Revenue less Expenses)	(1,116,958)		(5,133,437)		(10.523.092)		(14,611,256)		(16,655,678)		(20.308.425)	
	(1,110,950)		(3,133,437)		(10/323/092)		(14,011,200)				(20,300,423)	
Escrow II and Deferment I positions absorbed on ongoing basis												
Net Revenue Over Expenses (Ongoing)	(1,116,958)		(5,133,437)		(10,523,092)		(14,611,256)		(16,655,678)		(20,308,425)	

Table 1

Analysis Of FTES

			Total		
09-10 P-A	Resident Credit	Non Credit	Apportionment	Non resident	Total
De Anza	18,529	79	18,608	2,538	21,147
Foothill	14,162	218	14,380	1,530	15,910
Total	32,692	297	32,988	4,068	37,056
			Total		
10-11 Adopt Budget-revised 7/27/10	Resident Credit	Non Credit	Apportionment	Non resident	Total
De Anza	18,529	79	18,608	2,538	21,147
Foothill	13,254	238	13,492	1,530	15,022
Total	31,783	317	32,100	4,068	36,168
Revised Base from recertified 09/10	31,798	297	32,094	4,068	36,162
draft 1/10/11	09	/10 over base	894		
			Total		
10-11 P-1	Resident Credit	Non Credit	Apportionment	Non resident	Total
De Anza	17,301	0	17,301	2,073	19,374
Foothill	13,382	109	13,491	1,519	15,010
- · ·	20 602		20 702	0 500	24.20

17,501	0	17,501	2,075	19,374
13,382	109	13,491	1,519	15,010
30,683	109	30,792	3,592	34,384
FTES be	elow base	1,302		
% be	low base	4%		

			Total		
11-12 ProjectedStatus Quo	Resident Credit	Non Credit	Apportionment	Non resident	Total
De Anza	17,301	0	17,301	2,073	19,374
Foothill	13,382	109	13,491	1,519	15,010
Total	30,683	109	30,792	3,592	34,384
			New Base for		
			11/12		

Same FTES as funded in 09/10 (source, draft recalc 1/10/11)

Total

11-12 Projected-Scenario 16 %					
Workload Reduction (based on \$8 M			Total		
reduction)	Resident Credit	Non Credit	Apportionment	Non resident	Total
De Anza	16,330	0	16,330	2,073	18,403
Foothill	12,631	103	12,734	1,519	14,253
Total	28,961	103	29,064	3,592	32,656

11-12 Projected-Scenario 2A10 % Workload Reduction (based on \$14M			Total		
reduction)	Resident Credit	Non Credit	Apportionment	Non resident	Total
De Anza	15,594	0	15,594	2,073	17,667
Foothill	12,061	98	12,160	1,519	13,679
Total	27,655	98	27,753	3,592	31,346

11-12 Projected-Scenario 316 % Workload Reduction (based on \$22M			Total		
reduction)	Resident Credit	Non Credit	Apportionment	Non resident	Total
De Anza	14,567	0	14,567	2,073	16,641
Foothill	11,268	92	11,360	1,519	12,879
Total	25,835	92	25,927	3,592	29,519

To: slaterbernata@fhda.edu From: Bernata Slater <slaterbernata@fhda.edu> Subject: Fwd: Budget and beer. Cc: Bcc:

Attachments:



March 17, 2011

This afternoon, both the Senate and the Assembly passed major portions of the budget package. Unfortunately, they had to resort to "majority vote" tactics, using the authority granted the Legislature in Proposition 25 last November.

The major bills affecting community colleges include (click on to read the text):

SB 69: the Main Budget Bill

- \$400 million general fund cut
- Language allowing workload reduction for the net \$290 million cut, with a direction to protect transfer, basic skills and career-technical education
- Other technical changes, including increases to student financial aid administration

SB 70: the Education Trailer Bill

- Enrollment fee increase to \$36/unit effective Fall 2011 (\$110 million)
- Deferrals
- Continued categorical flexibility (same as current year)

Now, let's be clear. This is not the entire package. Major components of the package were not passed, including the tax package that is needed to enact the "best case" scenario included in the bills above. There also weren't sufficient votes for the governor's proposal to eliminate redevelopment agencies (\$1.7 billion budget solution), as well as for a constitutional amendment to implement realignment from state to local governments.

In fact, nobody was particularly happy with today's developments. The Legislature is now adjourned until Monday, with the Republican Convention coming to town tomorrow. The possible election dates in June are dwindling, and political soothsayers are predicting very difficult election chances for a June special election on taxes.

Sincerely,

Scott Lay President and Chief Executive Officer, The League Orange Coast College '94

Community College League of California 2017 O Street, Sacramento, California 95811 916.444.8641 . www.ccleague.org

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COMMUNITY COLLEGE UPDATE

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2011-12 Budget Act Passed—Still Work to Be Done

The Assembly and Senate continued working to pass a 2011-12 Budget on March 17, 2011. The prior evening had some successes, with more than \$7 billion in cuts to state spending, most from the health and human services area. However, several key elements to the Budget package were still lacking votes, including the proposal to eliminate redevelopment agencies.

The focus for legislators on Thursday was to pass the numerous trailer bills that contained the spending reductions and realignment proposals. All told, Thursday continued Wednesday's trend, with more cuts adopted. Yesterday's actions bring the total amount of cuts and spending reductions adopted at close to \$14 billion.

Also adopted by both houses on a majority vote (as now allowed under Proposition 25) was the 2011-12 Budget Act. The Budget passed both houses on a party-line vote.

While significant progress was made on reducing the state's \$26.6 billion Budget hole, several key pieces remain, including the redevelopment piece, which amounts to \$1.7 billion in revenues to the state, and the extension of the temporary taxes, both of which require two-thirds of each house to vote for the measures. This requires two Republican votes in each the Senate and Assembly to pass these measures.

An element that may have contributed to the continued delay to place the tax extension on the ballot is the start of the California Republican Convention in Sacramento, which starts March 18 and continues through the weekend. Some have speculated that Republicans were unwilling, for political reasons, to vote in favor of placing the tax extension on the ballot before the convention.

Unfortunately, the deadline for a June 7 election appears to have passed, with eyes now on a possible mid- to late-June election.

Both houses adjourned for the weekend and will reconvene Monday, March 21, to continue their work.

-Dave Heckler

posted 03/18/2011

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X-ASG-Debug-ID: 1300481543-0782cff10001-fQtkOD X-Barracuda-Envelope-From: owner-so2cbo@LISTSERV.CCCNEXT.NET X-Barracuda-Apparent-Source-IP: 153.18.96.114 X-ASG-Whitelist: Client X-Propel-Return-Path: <owner-so2cbo@LISTSERV.CCCNEXT.NET> Approved-By: dtroy@CCCCO.EDU Thread-Topic: Budget Update for March 18, 2011 Thread-Index: AcvIrczH/gHxYUQISaOs50yaQ1U6Sg== Accept-Language: en-US x-originating-ip: [10.4.31.132] Date: Fri, 18 Mar 2011 20:48:16 +0000 Reply-To: System Office Memos to CBOs <SO2CBO@listserv.cccnext.net> From: "Troy, Dan" <dtroy@CCCCO.EDU> Subject: Budget Update for March 18, 2011 To: SO2CBO@listserv.cccnext.net X-ASG-Orig-Subj: Budget Update for March 18, 2011 List-Help: <<u>http://listserv.cccnext.net/scripts/wa.exe?LIST=SO2CBO</u>>, <mailto:LISTSERV@LISTSERV.CCCNEXT.NET?body=INFO%20S02CBO> List-Unsubscribe: <mailto:SO2CBO-unsubscribe-request@LISTSERV.CCCNEXT.NET> List-Subscribe: <mailto:SO2CBO-subscribe-request@LISTSERV.CCCNEXT.NET> List-Owner: <mailto:SO2CBO-request@LISTSERV.CCCNEXT.NET> List-Archive: <<u>http://listserv.cccnext.net/scripts/wa.exe?LIST=SO2CBO</u>> X-Propel-ID: C9dG0b3ikQn0 X-EPG-Version: 3.1.2.9646 X-Propel-RCPT: mb08236@fhda.edu X-Propel-RCPT: mm04223@fhda.edu X-Propel-RCPT: hq03148@fhda.edu X-Propel-RCPT: bes5155@fhda.edu X-Propel-RCPT: dei3529@fhda.edu X-CLX-Score: None None X-CLX-Rate-Response: X-Barracuda-Connect: epgin.fhda.edu[153.18.96.114] X-Barracuda-Start-Time: 1300481543 X-Barracuda-URL: http://mailgw.fhda.edu:8000/cgi-mod/mark.cgi X-Keywords:

Colleagues,

It's been an eventful week in Sacramento, even if some very significant issues remain up in the air. The Legislature, utilizing the authority to pass a budget with a majority vote provided through Prop 25, approved the 2011-12 Budget Act (SB 69) on a partisan vote. For the CCCs, this locks in many of the provisions we've discussed since the Governor released his budget proposal in January:

- A \$400 million cut to the base, taken as a workload reduction
- A \$10 increase in per-unit fees, which will mitigate the base cut
- · A rejection of the census change proposal
- A rejection of the proposal for 1.9% growth
- A new inter-year deferral (\$129 million)
- Approval of the "decoupling" of the 2% Financial Aid Svcs. categorical program, but only on a one-time basis

Additionally, the Legislature approved some changes to the Cal Grant program: 1) Making institutions with specified default credit scores ineligible, *but only if for institutions where 40% or more of students receive federal loans.* 2) Requiring individuals to establish financial need for both an initial grant *and* for a renewal.

Here is the link to the Budget bill (SB 69):

http://www.leginfo.ca.gov/pub/11-12/bill/sen/sb_0051-0100/sb_69_bill_20110307_proposed.pdf

Here is the link to SB 70, which is the education trailer bill containing many of the statutory changes described above (fees, deferral, Cal Grants):

http://www.leginfo.ca.gov/pub/11-12/bill/sen/sb_0051-0100/sb_70_bill_20110317_amended_asm_v96.pdf

While the 2011-12 budget has been approved by the Legislature, it rests on two major assumptions: 1) The elimination of Redevelopment Agencies, which would save \$1.7 billion in General Fund, and 2) That the Governor's proposed revenue package will reach the ballot and be approved by voters. As of this writing, the Governor and Democratic leaders of the Legislature have yet to secure votes of any Republican members to place the tax extensions on the ballot. Key aspects of the negotiations include adding other issues to the ballot, potentially including pension reform and a budget cap. There is also discussion regarding the length of the tax extensions.

It is not clear how far the Democrats are willing to go to meet the demands of the involved Republican negotiators. If no agreement is reached soon, the Democrats may move to place the tax extensions on the ballot with a majority vote (an opinion from Legislative Counsel asserts that this is allowed), though such a move would likely be subject to court challenges and may damage the chances of passage. The later the negotiations remain unresolved, the less likely it is that a vote can be held on June 7th. It is presumed by many that the later into the summer the vote drifts, the less likely it is to pass, due to summer vacations, etc.

If the tax package is not placed on the ballot or approved by the voters, Governor Brown has pledged to enact an all-cuts budget which would likely bring significant additional reductions to the CCCs, as discussed in earlier updates. The Chancellor's Office has worked very hard to try to mitigate the impacts of the budget cuts on the colleges and its students, and we are similarly communicating the potentially dire consequences of an all-cuts approach.

Obviously, we are monitoring this situation very closely, and we'll continue to do our best to keep you informed. I also provide brief updates on twitter (@cccbudgetnews).

Thank you, Dan Troy

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