

# The Proof is in the Pudding: Showing that Learning Communities Work from Five Years of Institutional Research

District Opening Day 2006

Andrew LaManque, Ph.D.

De Anza Research

Thanks to Marcy Betlach and Edwina Stoll

## Agenda

- Describe Learning Communities
- Discuss methodology
- Highlight findings

## Definition of Learning Communities

A variety of approaches that link or cluster classes during a given term around an interdisciplinary theme and enroll a common cohort of students. This represents an intentional restructuring of student's time, credit and learning experiences to build community and to foster more explicit connections among students, among students and their teachers, and among disciplines.

## Types of Courses in Learning Communities

- Foundational English or ESL Reading and Writing courses.
- Foundational English, ESL or Math courses with GE transfer-level courses.
- Foundational English or Math with College Success.
- GE transfer-level courses with other GE transfer-level courses.

## Effective Learning Communities

- Give a sense of purpose.
- Help overcome the isolation of faculty members from one another and from their students.
- Encourage continuity and integration in the curriculum.

## Effective Learning Communities

- Encourage faculty members to relate to one another both as specialists and as educators.
- Help build a sense of group identity, cohesion and "specialness."

## Essential Characteristics of Learning Communities

- The same students enroll in the same classes together.
- The academic work of each course's subject matter is enhanced by interdisciplinary study in which students and faculty build connections between subject matters, disciplines and ideas.

## Essential Characteristics of Learning Communities

- Courses are team-designed and team-taught.
- To facilitate inter-disciplinarity, the community focuses on a central theme.
- Multicultural thinking is encouraged and developed to promote inclusive perspectives.
- Collaborative learning and experiential learning methods are keystones of the pedagogy.

#### **Research Question**

Assess an important goal of the program:

To improve student learning by highlighting the connections between disciplines and interesting topics, thereby strengthening students' intellectual curiosity and experiences.

- Use grades as a proxy measure of student learning
- •Should expect higher course success rates for Learning Communities students, on average, than those in comparable non-Learning Community courses, *ceteris paribus*

- •Student grades in learning community sections were compared with non-learning community sections of the same or related courses for that term
- Did not control for different class sizes
- Did not attempt to account for differences in classroom teaching; grading; motivation

- Grades grouped as:
  - •Success A, B, C, or P
  - Withdrawal W
  - Non-Success D, F, NP, I
- •The grade percents were based on all the grades for the section, including W's

Whose Country Is This Anyway?

2002F <u>LinC</u> ESL 005.01D

HIST017A01D

Non-LinC ESL 005.REL

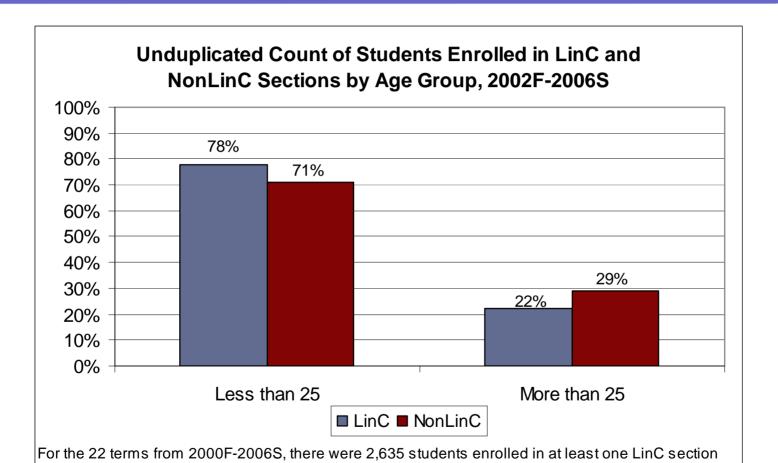
HIST017AREL

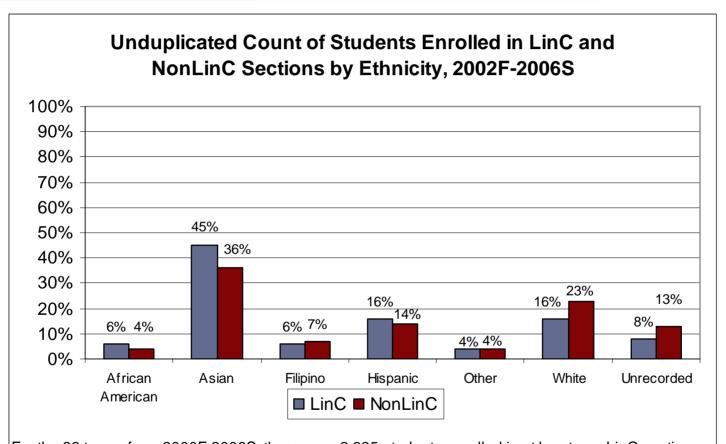
	Suc	Success		Non-Success			Withdrew			Total		
	#	%	#	%		#	%		#	%		
<u>LinC</u>	236	84%	23	8%		23	8%		282	100%	)	
Non-LinC	3,288	66%	819	16%	80	<del>3</del> 9	17%	4	,976	100%	)	

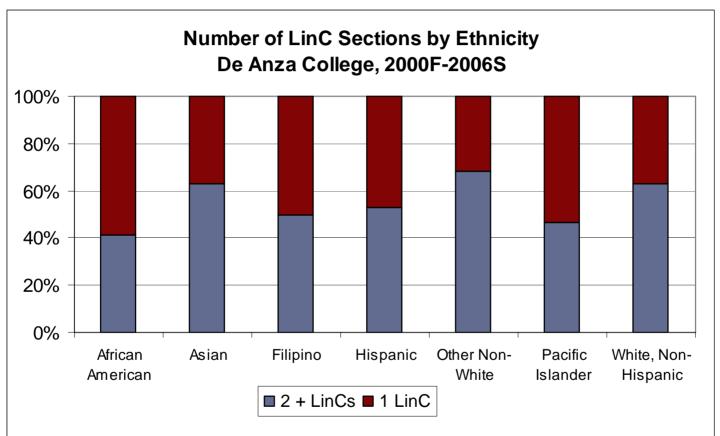
- Groups similar in terms of
  - Gender
  - Initial Goal
  - Where they live
- Differ in terms of
  - Age LinC students are younger
  - Ethnicity LinC students are more likely to be Asian (Vietnamese)

- In a typical quarter
  - more than 200 students
  - •10 to 15 LinC sections
  - •five or six "Learning Communities"
- •2,635 students have participated in LinC courses over the last five years

and 25,132 students in NonLinC related sections.

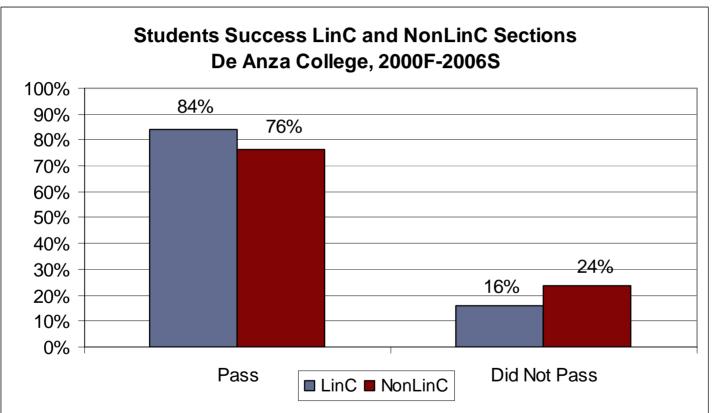




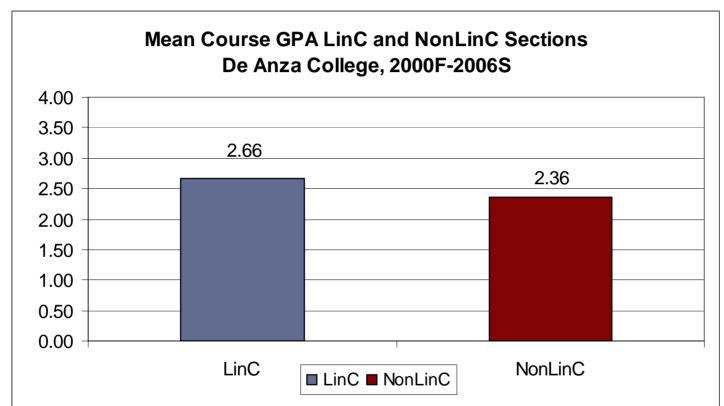


For the 22 terms from 2000F-2006S, there were 2,635 students enrolled in 4,523 LinC sections (including repeats). 59% of students enrolled in two ore more sections over the period.

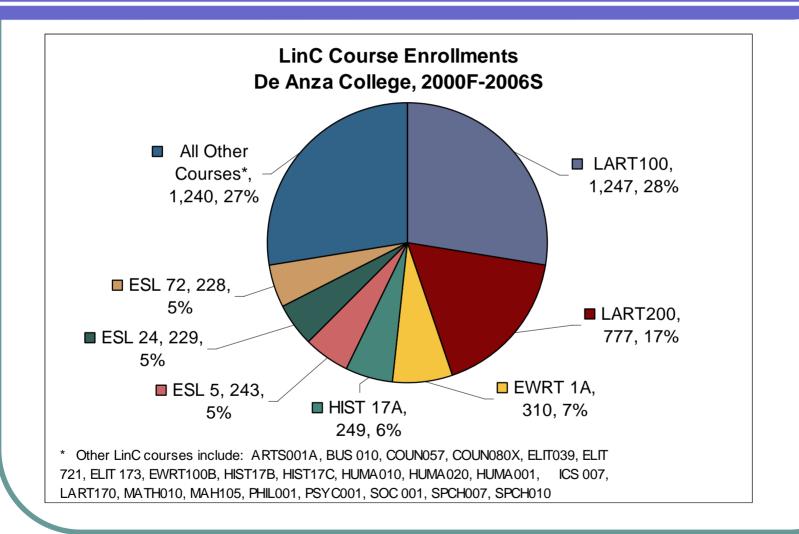
- Overall, the course success rates were higher for LinC than similar courses
- LinC course success rates appear to vary by curriculum content



For the 22 terms from 2000F-2006S, there were 4,523 enrollments in LinC sections and 63,018 enrollments in NonLinC related sections (including repeats). Difference statistically significant using a 2x2 Chi Square.



For the 22 terms from 2000F-2006S, there were 4,523 enrollments in LinC sections and 63,018 enrollments in NonLinC related sections (including repeats). Difference statistically significant at .05 using two tailed T test.



## Results - Example

Whose Country is this Anyway? Spring 2006

		Pass		Did Not Pass		Withdrew		Total	
		Grades	Per	Grades	Per	Grades	Per	Grades	Per
ESL 005.	All Other Sections of Course	36	84%			7	16%	43	100%
	ESL 005.01D	17	94%			1	6%	18	100%
HIST017C	All Other Sections of Course	256	70%	45	12%	64	18%	365	100%
	HIST017C03D	18	95%			1	5%	19	100%

## Results - Example

Love and Heroes: Looking at Social Issues in America Fall 2005

		Pass		Did Not Pass		Withdrew		Total	
		Grades	Per	Grades	Per	Grades	Per	Grades	Per
ESL 172.	All Other Sections of Course	77	83%	10	11%	6	6%	93	100%
	ESL 172.01D	20	83%	2	8%	2	8%	24	100%
ESL 173.	All Other Sections of Course	94	90%	6	6%	5	5%	105	100%
	ESL 173.02D	21	88%	1	4%	2	8%	24	100%

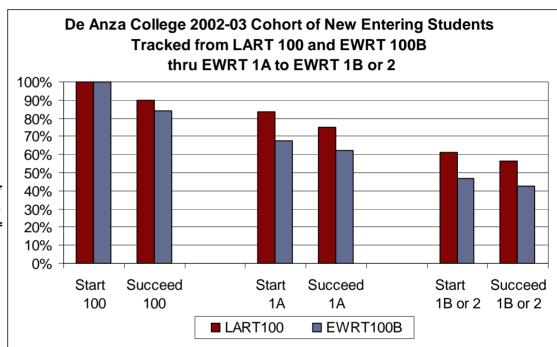
## Results - Example

LART 100 Winter 2005

		Pass		Did Not Pass		Withdrew		Total	
		Grades	Per	Grades	Per	Grades	Per	Grades	Per
EWRT100B	All Other Sections of Course	378	72%	62	12%	83	16%	523	100%
LART100.	LART100.	21	75%			7	25%	28	100%
	LART100.	25	86%	1	3%	3	10%	29	100%
	LART100.	20	77%	1	4%	5	19%	26	100%
	LART100.	13	76%	3	18%	1	6%	17	100%
READ100.	All Other Sections of Course	325	78%	42	10%	48	12%	415	100%

#### De Anza College 2002-03 Cohort and Total Enrollment

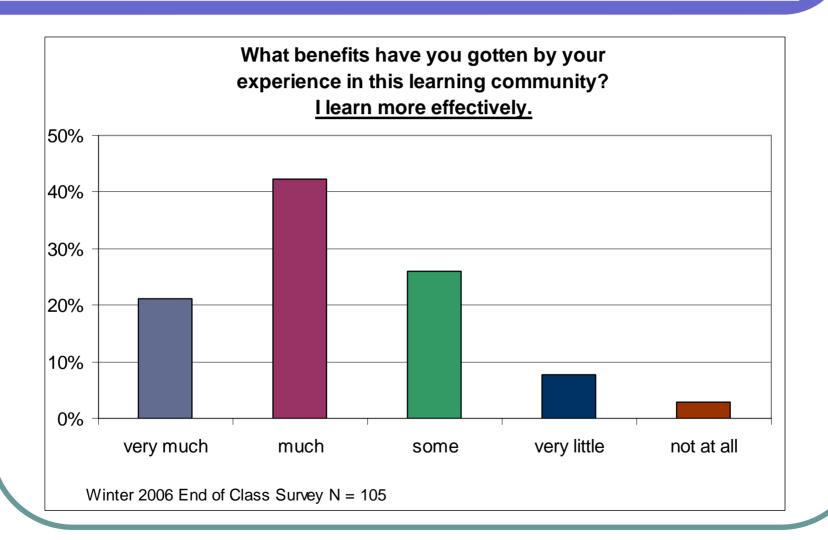
	Cohort		Cohort /
Course	Enr	Total Enr	Total Enr
LART100	198	255	78%
EWRT100B	1,427	2081	69%

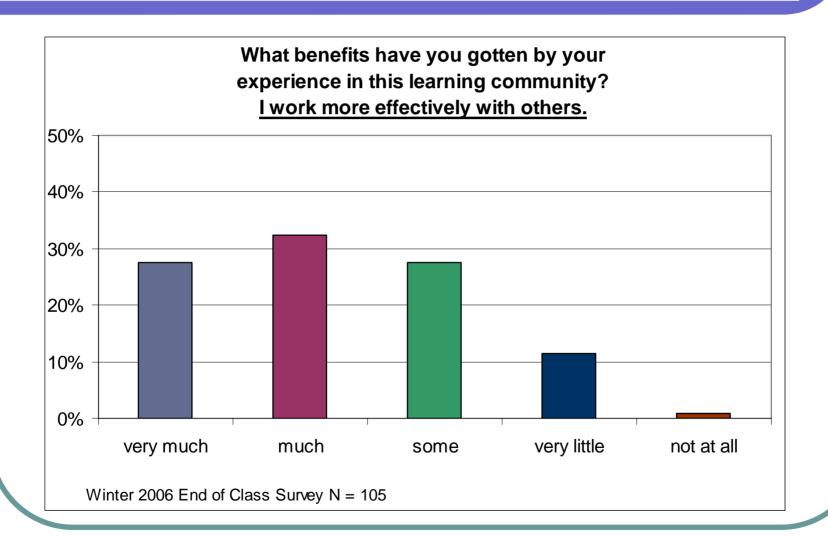


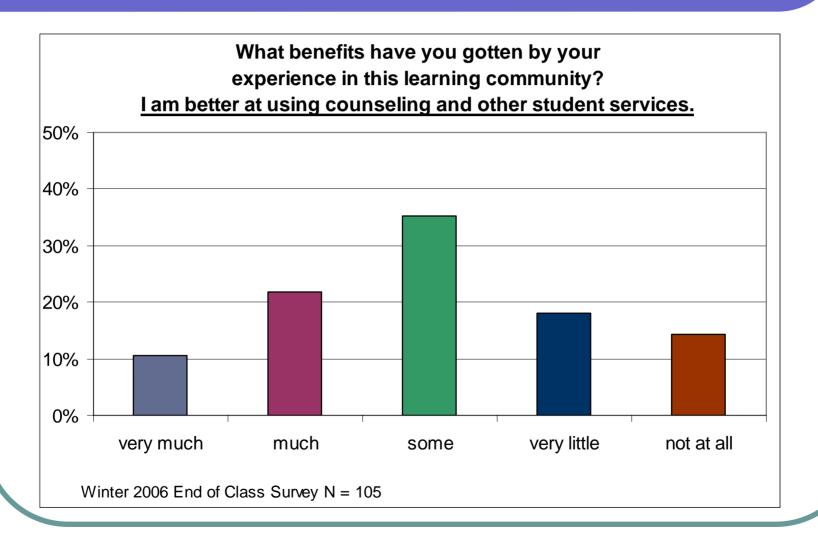
These counts track unduplicated individuals in the initial cohort; these individuals may have attempted the courses in the sequence several times before passing; only one attempt and one pass is counted. SOURCE: District Research.

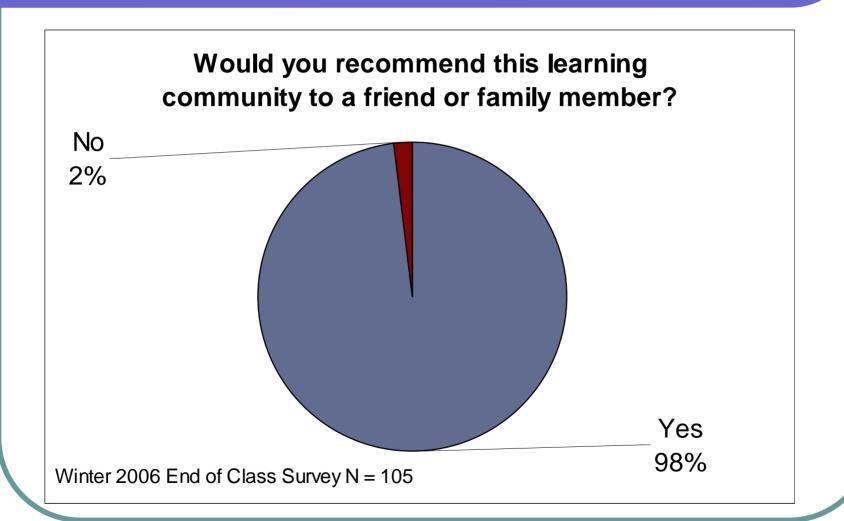
#### **End of Term Assessment**

- On-line in Winter 2006
- Positive responses on group work
- Less positive on work with counselors and student services
  - (new grant focuses on this work)









#### **Questions?**

•Suggestions?

•Other ways to measure success?