



DE ANZA COLLEGE

Simply the Best



Student Learning Outcomes (SLOs) Service Area Outcomes (SAOs) & Assessment

Presented to Faculty, Classified Professionals & Administrators

September 18, 2009



Presenters:

Coleen Lee-Wheat, SLO Coordinator
Jim Haynes, SAO Coordinator
Anne Argyriou, Academic Senate President
Anu Khanna, Curriculum Co-Chair



In your role as a professional at De Anza College, identify one goal that you would like students/clients to accomplish after interacting with you.



How do you know that the student/client is able to do this?



The learning outcomes and assessment process enables us to shift our perspective from what is **taught** to what is **learned**, from what is **"covered"** to what is **"mastered,"** from which services are **"provided for students"** to which services **"empower students."**



Student Learning Outcomes (SLOs)

- SLOs identify and define what a student is able to do at the successful completion of a specific course, program, activity or process.
- SLOs are overarching, clear and assessable statements.



Service Area Outcomes (SAOs)

SAOs are overarching, clear and assessable statements that identify and define what a student/client is able to know, do or feel at the successful completion of a specific program, activity or process.



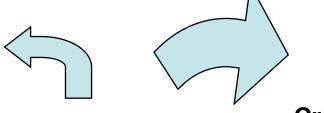
Assessment

- Assessment is the process used to evaluate how well students have mastered the outcomes of a course, program or service area.
- Assessment is demonstrated by a combination of knowledge, ability and attitude that display behavioral evidence that learning has occurred at a specific level of competency.



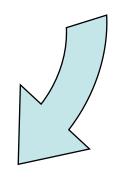
The Assessment Cycle*





Reflect & Enhance

Create outcomes



Assess

* Ongoing cycles enable us to achieve sustainability



The Assessment Process: De Anza Examples

Presented by:

Anita Muthyala-Kandula, Biology Jim Haynes, Adapted Physical Education Jeff Schinske, Biology



BIOL 40C Human Anatomy & Physiology Outcomes

- 1. Predict the homeostatic responses of the endocrine system to internal and external changes or stimuli.
- 2. Appraise the role of the lymphatic and immune system in the body's defense to disease.
- **3.** Generalize the way in which nutrients are processed to perform various energetic and structural functions in the body.
- **4.** Integrate the structure and function of the kidneys in the regulation of fluid, electrolyte, and pH balance.



Assessment Tool: Exam

- → Identify questions that directly assess SLOs
 - Group A questions higher-order critical thinking
 - Group B questions application
 - Group C questions knowledge & comprehension
- → Grading
- → Analyze results



Group A questions - higher-order critical thinking

Group B questions – application

Group C questions - knowledge & comprehension

Question No.	Group A	Group B	Group C
	Correct / Incorrect	Correct / Incorrect	Correct / Incorrect
16	44 / 24		
25			56 / 12
36		51 / 17	
44		59 / 9	
46			60 / 8
50	50 / 18		

Anita Muthyala-Kandula - Biology



Reflection

- Assessment is not an end in itself, but a tool for educational improvement.
- In this process, evidence is gathered, analyzed and interpreted to determine how well student performance matches faculty-defined expectations and standards.
- The results are used to improve teaching and learning.



De Anza SAO Statements

Financial Aid

Students new to De Anza will use the financial aid Web site to help them find important financial aid information and navigate the financial aid process.

Admissions & Records

Students will be able to identify and adhere to important deadline dates and learn how to add, drop and withdraw from classes by accessing the De Anza Web site.

Disabled Student Services

Students will demonstrate effective communication abilities in the following areas: clarity, timeliness and choice of communication method.



2009 Adapted Physical Education (APE) **Student Satisfaction Survey**

APE SAO #1 - Students will be able to register in APE courses using their priority registration status and the APE registration assistance process.

When you register, can you get the APE classes you want?

N = 184 **YES** 181 (98%)

NO 3 (2%)

Are the registration materials easy to fill out?

N = 187 YES 185 (99%) NO 2 (1%)



Are you comfortable with the APE registration process?

N = 188

YES 185 (99%)

NO 3 (1%)

Do you feel comfortable asking questions in the class?

N = 187

YES 187 (100%)

NO 0

Do you understand what is required of you to be successful in class?

N = 186

YES 184 (99%)

NO 2 (1%)

APE has updated its Web site. Have you visited the APE Web site?

N = 171

YES 39 (23%)

NO 132 (77%)

BIOLING GAPTHUM SHEAM COMPY Study Poster & Psysiology

Course SLOs

Demonstrate the scientific method as employed by health professionals to evaluate real-world problems involving the skin, skeletal and muscle systems.

Investigate the roles of molecules, organelles and cells in the function of skin, skeletal, and muscle tissues.

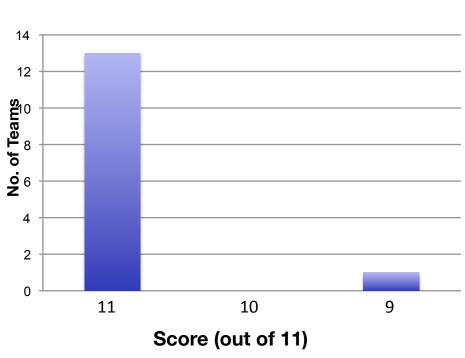
Infer the homeostatic reactions of skin, skeletal and muscle cells and tissues in reaction to external or internal changes in conditions.

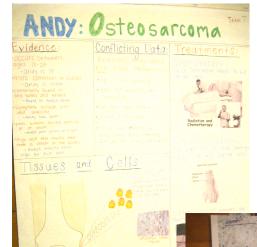
Use of Data/Evidence:							
0 points		l points	8 poi	nts	11 points		
Evidence/data from		ey pieces of	Poster refers		Poster explains specific		
case study		ce/data from	evidence/data from		evidence/data from case		
unaddressed entirely		ıdy not	case study, but some		study to support a		
or bears no relation	referre			with	reasonable diagnosis.		
whatsoever to	diagno	sis.	diagnosis and		Conflicting data or		
diagnosis.			alternate inte		alternative explanations		
			is not address	sed.	are addressed.		
Bone/Connective Tissue Cells:							
0 points	4	points	8 poin	ıts	11 points		
Poster is entirely	Activit	y of only one	Poster include	es	Poster includes		
lacking information	type of	cell	information o	n	reasonable interpretation		
on osteoblasts,	discuss	ed, or	osteoblast & o	osteoclast	of how the activity of		
osteoclasts, or other	activiti	es discussed	activity, but connection		osteoblasts & osteoclasts		
connective tissue	do not	reasonably	to disease is p	artially	would be affected by		
cells.	relate to	disease.	unclear.		disease (or why not		
					affected).		
Impacts on Skeletal System:							
0 points		points	8 point	S	11 points		
Poster is entirely	Effects	Effects on skeletal Poster includes		s	Poster includes labeled		
lacking information	system described,		graphics showing		diagrams/pictures showing		
on the effects of the	but not shown in		impacts of disease on		the impacts of disease on		
disease on the	graphic form, or		system, but important		the skeletal system (Ex.		
skeletal system.		described do			bone growth, shape,		
	not rela		or unclear.		strength, movement, etc.).		
	disease						
Treatment:							
0 points	4 points		8 points		11 points		
Poster is entirely		liscusses	Poster lacks		Poster shows disease		
lacking relevant	treatme		picture/drawin	_	treatment(s) with brief		
information on		somewhat	some treatment(s) or		but clear descriptions of		
treatments.	unrelate		includes too complex,		how they assist in		
	1	ns in the	lengthy, or unclear		treating disease.		
	disease	diagnosed.	ed. descriptions of relation to disease.				
			to disease.				
General Organizat	ion:						
		oints		6 points			
Poster is unorganized					ses mostly drawings,		
mostly text, or cannot be taken up by		ext or cannot pictures,		or diagrams. Text			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				o read standing 5-6			
less than a foot.	3 feet away.		feet away		у.		
Team total out of 50:							
1 cuii toui ou oi oo.							

Results 1

Demonstrate the scientific method as employed by health professionals to evaluate real-world problems involving the skin, skeletal and muscle systems.

Scores in Rubric Category 1 (Out of 11 Possible Points)





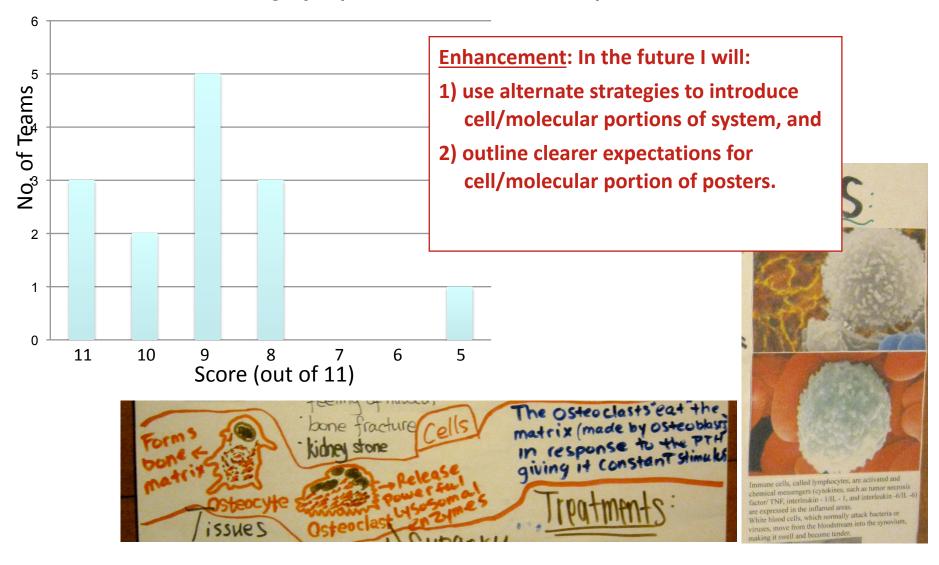
Reflection: Students convincingly demonstrated complex understanding of process of science.

Jeff Schinske - Biology

Results 2

Investigate the roles of molecules, organelles and cells in the function of skin, skeletal and muscle tissues.

Scores in Rubric Category 2 (Out of 11 Possible Points)





Why is the Assessment Cycle Important?

- Demonstrates commitment to student success and empowerment
- Enables dialogue and documentation of our best practices and opportunities for cross-disciplinary interaction
- Supports our values concerning ongoing enhancement of our teaching and services through improved program planning and budgeting
- Aligns with our cultural commitment to constant, purposeful innovation



Goals & Timelines for 2009-2010

Instructional Areas

- Ideally, every course will have outcomes discussed and identified this afternoon.
- Outcomes for every course must be documented by December 1, 2009.
- Assessment of at least 3 to 5 courses per department will take place in fall and winter quarters.
- **One** full assessment cycle (for the 3 to 5 courses) will be completed by "reflecting and enhancing" during spring quarter.



Goals & Timelines for 2009-2010 Service Areas

Student and College Service areas that currently conduct program reviews will complete *at least one* full SAO/assessment cycle by the end of this academic year.



Questions?

Contact:

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Jim Haynes, SAO Coordinator haynesjim@deanza.edu



Afternoon Agenda/Activities

Service Areas

Convene in Conference Rooms A&B for "SAO 101" Workshop

Instructional Faculty

Convene with division/department to work on three tasks

Task 1 - Write Outcome Statements

Task 2 - Create Assessments

Task 3 - Assessment Calendar Planning



Instructional Division Meeting Locations

Academic Services

ADM 109

Applied Technologies

L-26

Bio/Health

Kirsch Center

Bus/CIS

ADM 102

Creative Arts

A-Quad (Film/TV in

ATC)

ISS

MCC-15

Language Arts

L-Quad

Library

Conference A&B

Physical Education

PE-673

PSME

S-43

Social Sciences/Hum

Child Dev Center

CD1-10