

2024 Spring Plenary Session Resolutions

For Discussion Thursday, April 18, 2024

Disclaimer:

The enclosed resolutions do not reflect the position of the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges, its Executive Committee, or standing committees. They are presented for the purpose of discussion by the field and are to be debated and voted on by academic senate delegates at the Academic Senate Fall Plenary Session held on April 20, 2024.

Resolutions Committee

Erik Reese, ASCCC Area C Representative and ASCCC Resolutions Chair Robert L. Stewart, Jr., ASCCC Treasurer and ASCCC Resolutions Second Chair Davena Burns-Peters, San Bernardino Valley College, Area D Mark Edward Osea, Mendocino College, Area B Krystinne Mica, ASCCC Executive Director

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PLENARY RESOLUTIONS PROCESS

In order to ensure that deliberations are organized, effective, and meaningful, the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges uses the following resolution procedure:

- Pre-plenary resolutions are developed by the ASCCC Executive Committee (through its committees) and submitted to the pre-plenary area meetings for review.
- Amendments and new pre-plenary resolutions are generated in the area meetings.
- The Resolutions Committee meets to review all pre-plenary resolutions and combine, reword, append, or render moot these resolutions as necessary.
- Resolutions and amendments must be submitted to the Resolutions Committee before
 the posted deadlines each day by using the webform available on the <u>Resolutions Process</u>
 webpage.
- New resolutions submitted on the second day of the plenary session are held to the next session unless the resolution is declared urgent by the ASCCC Executive Committee.
- Resolutions and amendments are debated and voted upon in the general sessions on the last day of the plenary session by the delegates.
- All resources are available on the ASCCC website.

Prior to plenary session, it is each attendee's responsibility to read the following documents:

- Senate Delegate Roles and Responsibilities (found in Local Senates Handbook)
- Resolution Procedures (Part II in Resolutions Handbook)
- Resolution Writing and General Advice (Part III in Resolutions Handbook)

New delegates are strongly encouraged to watch the New Attendee Information pre-plenary webinar.

Explore California legal codes via https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/home.xhtml

Explore California Code of Regulations, including Title 5, via https://govt.westlaw.com/calregs/Browse/Home/California/CaliforniaCodeofRegulations?transit ionType=Default&contextData=%28sc.Default%29

The following legend has been used to identify consent calendar items, new resolutions, and new amendments:

- Consent Calendar resolutions and amendments are marked with *
- Resolutions and amendments submitted at area meetings are marked with +
- Resolutions and amendments submitted through Thursday of the plenary session are marked with #
- Amendments and urgent resolutions submitted on Friday of the plenary session are marked with ^

CONSENT CALENDAR

Resolutions may be placed on the consent calendar by the Resolutions Committee for any of the following criteria: 1) believed noncontroversial, 2) do not potentially reverse a previous position of the ASCCC, 3) do not compete with another proposed plenary session resolution. Resolutions and any subsequent clarifying amendments that meet these criteria have been included on the consent calendar. If an amendment is submitted that proposes to substantially change a resolution on the consent calendar, that resolution will be removed from the consent calendar.

Resolutions may be removed from the consent calendar at area meetings, making requests of the Resolutions Committee, and immediately before adopting the consent calendar on the last day of plenary session. Reasons for removing a resolution from the consent calendar may include moving of a substantial amendment, a desire to debate the resolution, a desire to divide the motion, a desire to vote against the resolution, or even a desire to move for the adoption by the body by acclamation.

- *101.01 S24 Update the 2017 Paper The Course Outline of Record: A Curriculum Reference Guide Revisited
- *+101.02 S24 Update the 2019 Paper Work Based Learning in California Community

 Colleges
- *+101.03 S24 Developing an ASCCC-Annotated Version of Program and Course Approval Handbook (PCAH)
- *+102.01 S24 Cal-GETC, Catalog Rights, and Oral Communication Courses
- *+103.01 S24 Expanding Grading Options for Dual Enrollment Courses
- *+105.01 S24 Align Approval and Completion of IGETC/Cal-GETC Courses with University of California Transfer Admission Requirements
- *111.01 S24 Adopt Part-time Faculty: Equity, Rights, and Roles in Governance Paper
- *112.02 S24 Disciplines List Nursing
- *112.03 S24 Disciplines List Art
- *113.02 S24 Support ACR 147 (Alvarez as of February 16, 2024): California's First-Generation College Celebration Day
- *+113.03 S24 Provisionally Support AB 2586 (Alvarez, as of February 14, 2024) Student Employment
- *+113.04 S24 Support AB 2093 (Santiago, as of March 6, 2024) to Extend College Promise to California Community College Baccalaureate Degree Students
- *+113.05 S24 Support AB 2407 (Hart as of February 12, 2024) on Sexual Harassment Complaints
- *+113.06 S24 In Support of Documented Dreamers
- *+114.01 S24 A-G Requirements Website to Support Dual Enrollment
- *+114.02 S24 Noncredit in the California Virtual Campus

NEW CATEGORIES PILOT

New resolutions categories that more closely align with the purview of the ASCCC are being piloted for the 2024 Spring Plenary Session. Numbering of these new pilot categories will begin from 101 for the first category, 102 for the second category, and so forth to distinguish them from the old categories. The new categories being piloted this spring are:

101)	Curriculum
102)	Degree and Certificate Requirements
103)	Grading Policies
104)	Educational Program Development
105)	Student Preparation and Success
106)	Governance Structures
107)	Accreditation
108)	Professional Development
109)	Program Review
110)	Institutional Planning and Budget Development
111)	Academic Senate for California Community Colleges
112)	Hiring, Minimum Qualifications, Equivalency, and Evaluations
113)	Legislation and Advocacy
114)	Consultation with the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office

101 CURRICULUM

*101.01 S24 Update the 2017 Paper The Course Outline of Record: A Curriculum Reference Guide Revisited

Whereas, The Academic Senate for California Community Colleges adopted the paper *The Course Outline of Record: A Curriculum Reference Guide Revisited*¹ in Spring 2017 and has not updated it since;

Whereas, The adoption of California Code of Regulations Title 5 sections 51200² and 51201³ in 2020 established a commitment by the Board of Governors of the California Community Colleges to ground the educational mission of the California Community Colleges in the principles of diversity, equity, inclusion, and accessibility (DEIA) in order "to create a safe, inclusive, and anti-racist environment where individual and group differences are valued and leveraged for our growth and understanding as an educational community";

Whereas, The Academic Senate for California Community Colleges has grounded itself in DEIA and antiracist work through the infusion of inclusion, diversity, equity, antiracism and accessibility in its mission statement, vision statement, goals, and strategic directions; and

Whereas, The Academic Senate for California Community Colleges adopted resolutions 09.01 Fall 2021⁴ and 09.01 Fall 2023⁵ in support of requiring the incorporation of DEIA principles and practices into course outlines of record;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges update the paper *The Course Outline of Record: A Curriculum Reference Guide Revisited*⁶ to reflect the shift to infuse diversity, equity, inclusion, accessibility, and antiracism in curricular matters and present it for adoption at the Fall 2025 Plenary Session.

Contact: Robert L. Stewart Jr., ASCCC Executive Committee, ASCCC Curriculum Committee

¹ https://www.asccc.org/sites/default/files/COR_0.pdf

 $[\]frac{^2https://govt.westlaw.com/calregs/Document/I5F7D7FA34C6911EC93A8000D3A7C4BC3?viewType=FullText\&origingtonContext=documenttoc\&transitionType=CategoryPageItem\&contextData=(sc.Default)$

³https://govt.westlaw.com/calregs/Document/I5F7FF0A34C6911EC93A8000D3A7C4BC3?viewType=FullText&originationContext=documenttoc&transitionType=CategoryPageItem&contextData=(sc.Default)

⁴ <u>https://www.asccc.org/resolutions/adding-culturally-responsive-curriculum-equity-mindedness-and-anti-racism-course-outline</u>

⁵ https://www.asccc.org/resolutions/support-revisions-title-5-include-deia-course-outline-record

⁶ https://www.asccc.org/sites/default/files/COR 0.pdf

*+101.02 S24 Update the 2019 Paper Work Based Learning in California Community Colleges

Whereas, The Academic Senate for California Community Colleges adopted the paper *Work*Based Learning in California Community Colleges⁷ in Spring 2019 and has not updated it since; and

Whereas, The Academic Senate for California Community Colleges' 2019 paper *Work Based Learning in California Community Colleges* recommended updates to Title 5 and the inclusion of noncredit options for work experience education; and

Whereas, The Board of Governors of the California Community Colleges recently adopted long awaited and extensive changes to several California Code of Regulations Title 5 sections regarding work experience education that are summarized in a California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office document⁸ around these updates;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges update the paper *Work Based Learning in California Community Colleges⁹* to reflect the recent updates to the California Code of Regulations by the Fall 2025 Plenary Session.

Contact: Robert L. Stewart Jr., ASCCC Executive Committee, Area C

*+101.03 S24 Developing an ASCCC-Annotated Version of Program and Course Approval Handbook (PCAH)

Whereas, California Education Code 66010.2¹⁰ states "The public elementary and secondary schools, the California Community Colleges, the California State University, the University of California, and independent institutions of higher education share goals designed to provide educational opportunity and success to the broadest possible range of our citizens, and shall provide the following:

1. Access to education, and the opportunity for educational success, for all qualified Californians. Particular efforts should be made with regard to those who are historically and currently underrepresented in both their graduation rates from secondary institutions and in their attendance at California higher educational institutions.

⁷ https://www.asccc.org/sites/default/files/Work Based Learning.pdf

⁸ https://www.cccco.edu/-/media/CCCCO-Website/Office-of-General-Counsel/bgcccfinalworkexperiencetext20230726ffa11y.pdf?la=en&hash=605C58D56AC13E78C7A3335D4FC7C9CF

⁹ https://www.asccc.org/sites/default/files/Work Based Learning.pdf

¹⁰ https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes displaySection.xhtml?sectionNum=66010.2&lawCode=EDC

- Quality teaching and programs of excellence for their students. This commitment to
 academic excellence shall provide all students the opportunity to address issues,
 including ethical issues, that are central to their full development as responsible citizens.
- 3. Educational equity not only through a diverse and representative student body and faculty but also through educational environments in which each person, regardless of race, gender, gender identity, gender expression, sexual orientation, age, disability, or economic circumstances, has a reasonable chance to fully develop his or her potential.";

Whereas, The Academic Senate for California Community Colleges' (ASCCC) commitment to inclusion, diversity, equity, anti-racism, and accessibility has been affirmed in the following resolutions: 07.02 S23 Ensuring Anti-racist California Community College Online Faculty Training Materials¹¹, 13.04 S23 Resolution in Support of Academic Freedom/Solidarity with Faculty Across the Nation¹², 01.01 F22 Adopt the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges Mission, Vision, and Values Statements that Include Anti-Racism¹³, 03.01 F22 Advancing IDEAA in Guided Pathways¹⁴, 07.05 F22 Incorporating Inclusion, Diversity, Equity, Anti-racism, and Accessibility (IDEAA) Principles Explicitly into Title 5, §53200¹⁵, 01.02 S22 Adding Anti-Racism to the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges' Vision Statement¹⁶, 03.01 S22 Develop and Publish an Inclusion, Diversity, Equity, Anti-Racism, and Accessibility (IDEAA) Liaison Handbook¹⁷, 03.02 S22 Adopt the DEI in Curriculum Model Principles and Practices Framework¹⁸, 19.01 S22 Cultural Humility Driving Inclusion, Diversity, Equity, Anti-Racism, and Accessibility (IDEAA) Work¹⁹, 03.02 S21 Establishing Local Inclusion, Diversity, Equity, and Anti-racism (IDEA) Liaison²⁰;

Whereas, The California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office is directed by California Code of Regulations Title 5, §55000.5²¹ to produce a handbook for program and course approval, known as the Program and Course Approval Handbook (PCAH), currently in its 8th edition, and does not include guidance on integrating inclusion, diversity, equity, anti-racism, and

 $\frac{https://govt.westlaw.com/calregs/Document/I61E6B7734C6911EC93A8000D3A7C4BC3?viewType=FullText\&originationContext=documenttoc\&transitionType=CategoryPageItem\&contextData=(sc.Default)$

¹¹ https://asccc.org/resolutions/ensuring-anti-racist-california-community-college-online-faculty-training-materials

¹² https://asccc.org/resolutions/resolution-support-academic-freedomsolidarity-faculty-across-nation

¹³ https://asccc.org/resolutions/adopt-academic-senate-california-community-colleges-mission-vision-and-values

¹⁴ https://asccc.org/resolutions/advancing-ideaa-guided-pathways

¹⁵ <u>https://asccc.org/resolutions/incorporating-inclusion-diversity-equity-anti-racism-and-accessibility-ideaa-principles</u>

 $^{^{16}\,\}underline{\text{https://asccc.org/resolutions/adding-anti-racism-academic-senate-california-community-colleges-vision-statement}$

¹⁷ https://asccc.org/resolutions/develop-and-publish-inclusion-diversity-equity-anti-racism-and-accessibility-ideaa

¹⁸ https://asccc.org/resolutions/adopt-dei-curriculum-model-principles-and-practices-framework

¹⁹ https://asccc.org/resolutions/cultural-humility-driving-inclusion-diversity-equity-anti-racism-and-accessibility

²⁰ https://asccc.org/resolutions/establishing-local-inclusion-diversity-equity-and-anti-racism-idea-liaison

²¹ Title 5 §55000.5:

accessibility (IDEAA) into specific elements such as credit and noncredit course and program development criteria, and the course outline of record; and

Whereas, For California community college faculty, authority over the curriculum is codified in California Education Code section 70902(b)(7)²² stating that the governing board of each district shall establish procedures "to ensure faculty, staff, and students the opportunity to express their opinions at the campus level, to ensure that these opinions are given every reasonable consideration, to ensure the right to participate effectively in district and college governance, and to ensure the right of academic senates to assume primary responsibility for making recommendations in the areas of curriculum and academic standards." and California Code of Regulations Title 5 §53200²³ states the faculty authority for curriculum where the academic senate and its purview are defined;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges (ASCCC) develop an ASCCC-annotated version of the Program and Course Approval Handbook (PCAH) providing guidance for integrating inclusion, diversity, equity, anti-racism, and accessibility (IDEAA) into courses, programs, and processes for curriculum review and approval, with specific annotations to occur in commonly referenced portions of the PCAH and including links and references to IDEAA resources such as the *DEI in Curriculum: Model Principles and Practices*²⁴ and the *DEI in Praxis: Models for Culturally Responsive Curriculum*²⁵ resources currently on the ASCCC website under "IDEAA Tools and Resources," by Fall 2025 and disseminate widely.

Contact: Erik Woodbury, De Anza College, Area B

102 DEGREE AND CERTIFICATE REQUIREMENTS

*+102.01 S24 Cal-GETC, Catalog Rights, and Oral Communication Courses

Whereas, The new California General Education Transfer Curriculum (Cal-GETC) Area 1C Oral Communication, with new standards, will become effective the beginning of Fall 2025;

²² California Education Code §70902:

https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes displaySection.xhtml?sectionNum=70902.&lawCode=EDC ²³ Title 5 §53200:

 $[\]frac{https://govt.westlaw.com/calregs/Document/I604256434C6911EC93A8000D3A7C4BC3?viewType=FullText\&originationContext=documenttoc\&transitionType=CategoryPageItem\&contextData=(sc.Default)$

https://asccc.org/sites/default/files/CCC_DEI-in-Curriculum_Model_Principles_and_Practices_June_2022.pdf

²⁵ https://deanza.instructure.com/courses/34140

Whereas, The "Cal-GETC Administrative Implementation Guidance" memo²⁶ dated February 14, 2024 provides catalog rights guidance (Appendix A) regarding when students will be expected to complete the California General Education Transfer Curriculum pattern;

Whereas, Appendix A of the "Cal-GETC Administrative Implementation Guidance" memo states that if a student has continuous enrollment prior to the fall of 2025, students will not require California General Education Transfer Curriculum (Cal-GETC) certification, but for those students who lose catalog rights, they will be held to Cal-GETC certification; and

Whereas, If a student with prior continuous enrollment who completes a course approved for the California State University General Education Breadth Area A1 Oral Communication or Intersegmental General Education Transfer Curriculum Area 1C Oral Communication prior to Fall 2025 and loses catalog rights may now be expected to complete another oral communication course approved for the California General Education Transfer Curriculum Area 1C;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges work with the Intersegmental Committee of the Academic Senates (ICAS) to advocate for oral communication courses completed prior to Fall 2025 that meet the Intersegmental General Education Transfer Curriculum Area 1C being honored for the purposes of the California General Education Transfer Curriculum certification regardless of a student's catalog rights.

Contact: Mark Edward Osea, Mendocino College, Area B

103 GRADING POLICIES

*+103.01 S24 Expanding Grading Options for Dual Enrollment Courses

Whereas, The California State University²⁷ and University of California²⁸ requires first-year students to complete the A-G subject requirements with grades of "C" or higher;

Whereas, High school students may use transferable college courses to supplement their A-G subject requirements through dual enrollment or concurrent enrollment; and

²⁶ https://www.cccco.edu/-/media/CCCCO-Website/docs/memo/Cal-GETC-Administrative-Implementation-Guidance.pdf?la=en&hash=DF2FD3E05C058C35ACF2A7B950B2505C4C5E791D

²⁷ CSU A-G Course Requirements:

https://www.calstate.edu/apply/freshman/getting_into_the_csu/pages/admission-requirements.aspx

²⁸ UC A-G Course Requirements: https://admission.universityofcalifornia.edu/admission-requirements/freshman-requirements/

Whereas, California community college courses are accepted for credit at both the University of California (UC) and California State University with letter grades and pass/no-pass (P/NP) options, and that for transfer students to the UC, UCs will allow up to 14 semester (21 quarter) units to be completed with (P/NP) to meet the 60 units required for minimum eligibility;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges work with the Intersegmental Committee of the Academic Senates (ICAS), California State University Chancellor's Office, and the University of California Office of the President to consider allowing college courses completed with pass/no-pass by dual enrollment students to satisfy the A-G subject requirements for the California State University and University of California.

Contact: Mark Edward Osea, Mendocino College, Area B

105 STUDENT PREPARATION AND SUCCESS

*+105.01 S24 Align Approval and Completion of IGETC/Cal-GETC Courses with University of California Transfer Admission Requirements

Whereas, A basic transfer admission requirement of the University of California is the completion of at least seven courses (21 semester units minimum) of coursework approved by the University of California Office of the President (UCOP) for inclusion in the five University of California Transfer Eligibility (UCTEL) areas²⁹ (the so-called "seven-course pattern")³⁰, for which the standards for inclusion of California community college courses in the five areas of the seven-course pattern are neither posted on the UCOP website nor included in the policies of the University of California Academic Senate;

Whereas, The process of reviewing and approving California community college courses for the University of California Transfer Eligibility (UCTEL) "seven-course pattern" areas is conducted by course reviewers under the auspices of the University of California Office of the President during its annual University of California Transferable Course Agreement (UCTCA) submission

²⁹ The UCTEL Areas are UC-E (English composition), UC-M (mathematical concepts and quantitative reasoning), UC-H (arts and humanities), UC-B (social and behavioral sciences), and UC-S (physical and biological sciences). To see what courses from your college are approved for UCTEL areas, please go to https://assist.org/

³⁰ For more information about the seven-course pattern requirement for transfer students, please see https://admission.universityofcalifornia.edu/admission-requirements/transfer-requirements/preparing-to-transfer/basic-requirements.html

and review process³¹, a process that is completely separate from the current Intersegmental General Education Transfer Curriculum (IGETC) submission and review process;

Whereas, The courses approved for current Intersegmental General Education Transfer Curriculum (IGETC) areas, and also presumably the California General Education Transfer Curriculum (Cal-GETC) areas, do not automatically meet University of California transfer admission requirements unless they have been separately approved for University of California Transfer Eligibility (UCTEL) "seven-course pattern" areas through the annual University of California Transferable Course Agreement (UCTCA) submission and review process conducted by the University of California Office of the President; and

Whereas, Because coursework approved for the Intersegmental General Education Transfer Curriculum (IGETC) areas, and also presumably the California General Education Transfer Curriculum (Cal-GETC) areas, may not necessarily be approved for University of California Transfer Eligibility (UCTEL) "seven-course pattern" areas, students may not realize until it is too late that they have completed IGETC/Cal-GETC approved courses that are not part of the "seven-course pattern" areas and subsequently may be denied admission to the University of California for not meeting the basic requirement of completing the seven-course pattern;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges urge the University of California Academic Senate and the University of California Office of the President to determine that California community college students who have completed coursework for either the Intersegmental General Education Transfer Curriculum (IGETC) pattern or the California General Education Transfer Curriculum (Cal-GETC) pattern have thus completed the corresponding University of California Transfer Eligibility (UCTEL) ("seven-course pattern") coursework requirements for admission to the University of California, regardless of the UCTEL area approval status of the courses completed by the student;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges urge the University of California Academic Senate to recognize the California General Education Transfer Curriculum (Cal-GETC) standards as equivalent to the standards of approval of California community college courses for the corresponding University of California Transfer Eligibility (UCTEL) areas (the "seven-course pattern" areas); and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges work with the University of California Academic Senate and the Intersegmental Committee of Academic Senates (ICAS) as soon as possible to advocate for the integration of the course approval standards and course submission and review processes for the University of California Transfer Eligibility (UCTEL) areas (the "seven-course pattern" areas) into the course approval standards and course

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³¹ The UCTCA ("UC transferability") submission period is every summer (June, July, or August, depending on the college). Articulation officers submit courses through ASSIST. While there is no formal way for articulation officers to request UCTEL consideration, they can informally request such consideration by including a note in the comments box when submitting a UCTCA proposal.

submission and review processes of the California General Education Transfer Curriculum (Cal-GETC) areas to guarantee that California community college students who complete the appropriate Cal-GETC-approved coursework automatically meet the University of California "seven-course pattern" transfer admission requirements.

Contact: John Freitas, Los Angeles City College, Area C

111 ACADEMIC SENATE FOR CALIFORNIA COMMUNITY COLLEGES

*111.01 S24 Adopt the Paper Part-time Faculty: Equity, Rights, and Roles in Governance

Whereas, In Spring 2021, the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges adopted resolution 19.01 S21 Create a Paper on Part-Time Faculty Equity³², which recognized the need to address the inequitable treatment of part-time faculty in the workplace across the full range of academic and professional matters and the consistent challenges faced by them in California community colleges; and

Whereas, Part-time faculty have contributed their lived experiences and expertise both through participation on the 2021-2022, 2022-2023, and 2023-2024 ASCCC Part-Time Faculty Committees and a statewide survey;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges adopt the paper titled *Part-time Faculty: Equity, Rights, and Roles in Governance*³³ and disseminate the paper to local academic senates upon its adoption.

Contact: María-José Zeledón-Pérez, ASCCC Executive Committee, ASCCC Part-Time Faculty Committee

³² https://www.asccc.org/resolutions/create-paper-part-time-faculty-equity

³³ https://asccc.org/sites/default/files/2024-03/Part-

time%20Faculty%20Equity%2C%20Rights%2C%20and%20Roles%20in%20Governance%20%20ca.docx

112 HIRING, MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS, EQUIVALENCY, AND EVALUATIONS

112.01 S24 Disciplines List — Artificial Intelligence

Whereas, Oral and written testimony given through the consultation process used for the review of *Minimum Qualifications for Faculty and Administrators in California Community Colleges*, also known as the Disciplines List, supported the following addition of the artificial intelligence discipline:

Master's in artificial intelligence/machine learning, computer science, electrical engineering and computer science, data science, or cognitive science,

OR

the equivalent; and

Whereas, The Executive Committee of the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges has reviewed the proposal and deemed that the process outlined in the *Disciplines List Revision Handbook* was followed;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges recommend that the California Community Colleges Board of Governors adopt the proposed addition to the Disciplines List for artificial intelligence.

Contact: Eric Wada, ASCCC Executive Committee, ASCCC Standards and Practices Committee

*112.02 S24 Disciplines List — Nursing

Whereas, Oral and written testimony given through the consultation process used for the review of *Minimum Qualifications for Faculty and Administrators in California Community Colleges*, also known as the Disciplines List, supported the following revision of the nursing discipline:

Master's in nursing

OR

Bachelor's in nursing AND Master's in health education or health science

OR

the equivalent

OR

the minimum qualifications as set by the Board of Registered Nursing; and

Whereas, The Executive Committee of the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges has reviewed the proposal and deemed that the process outlined in the *Disciplines List Revision Handbook* was followed;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges recommend that the California Community Colleges Board of Governors adopt the proposed revision to the Disciplines List for nursing.

Contact: Eric Wada, ASCCC Executive Committee, ASCCC Standards and Practices Committee

*112.03 S24 Disciplines List — Art

Whereas, Oral and written testimony given through the consultation process used for the review of *Minimum Qualifications for Faculty and Administrators in California Community Colleges*, also known as the Disciplines List, supported the following revision of the art discipline:

Master's in fine arts, art, or art history

OR

Bachelor's in any of the above AND Master's in humanities

OR

the equivalent

(NOTE: "Master's in fine arts" as used here refers to any master's degree in the subject matter of fine arts, which is defined to include visual studio arts such as drawing, painting, sculpture, printmaking, ceramics, textiles, and metal and jewelry art; and also art education and art therapy. It does not refer to the "Master of Fine Arts" (MFA) degree when that degree is based on specialization in performing arts or dance, film, creative writing or other nonplastic arts.); and

Whereas, The Executive Committee of the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges has reviewed the proposal and deemed that the process outlined in the *Disciplines List Revision Handbook* was followed;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges recommend that the California Community Colleges Board of Governors adopt the proposed revision to the Disciplines List for art.

Contact: Eric Wada, ASCCC Executive Committee, ASCCC Standards and Practices Committee

113 LEGISLATION AND ADVOCACY

113.01 S24 Support SB 895 (Roth, as of March 9, 2024) to Establish the Baccalaureate Degree in Nursing Pilot Program

Whereas, California's long-standing shortage of Registered Nurses (RNs) has worsened in recent years with an increase in the number of RN retirements, increase in the percentage of employed RNs planning to retire or leaving nursing in the next two years, and a decline in RN education program enrollments and graduations, despite an increase in applications³⁴;

Whereas, Bachelor of Science in Nursing (BSN) degrees are increasingly preferred in the hiring of RNs³⁵ and California's nursing programs annually turn away thousands of qualified applicants, e.g., in 2021-22, out of 35,474 qualified applicants for a Bachelor of Science in Nursing (BSN) program there were only 12,963 spaces available of which only 9,179 ultimately enrolled³⁶;

Whereas, The Academic Senate for California Community Colleges supported the expansion of baccalaureate degree programs in the California community colleges in disciplines and communities that best serve the students of the California Community Colleges with prioritization of programs in allied health fields³⁷; and

Whereas, SB 895 (Roth, as of March 9, 2024)³⁸ would

- 1. Require the Chancellor of the California Community Colleges to develop a Baccalaureate Degree in Nursing Pilot Program that authorizes up to 15 community college districts to offer a Bachelor of Science in Nursing degree.
- 2. Require the chancellor to identify eligible community college districts that apply based on the following criteria:
 - a. There is equitable access between the northern, central, and southern parts of the state to the pilot program.

³⁴ Spetz J., Chu L., Blash L., 2022, Forecasts of the Registered Nurse Workforce in California: https://www.rn.ca.gov/pdfs/forms/forecast2022.pdf

³⁵ American Association of Colleges of Nursing (AACN) Research Brief, Employment of New Nurse Graduates and Employee Preferences for Baccalaureate Prepared Nurses, October 2023: https://www.aacnnursing.org/Portals/0/PDFs/Data/Research-Brief-10-23.pdf

³⁶ Spetz J., Chu L., Blash L., 2023, California Board of Registered Nursing 2021-2022 Annual School Report: https://www.rn.ca.gov/pdfs/education/prelicensure21-22.pdf

³⁷ Resolution 06.02 F19 Expansion of Baccalaureate Degree Programs in Allied Health: https://asccc.org/resolutions/expansion-baccalaureate-degree-programs-allied-health

³⁸ SB 895 (Roth, 2024): https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/billNavClient.xhtml?bill_id=202320240SB895

- b. Priority is given to community college districts in underserved nursing areas.
- c. The community college district has a nationally accredited nursing program.
- 3. Limit the total number of participants in a pilot program at a community college district to 25 percent of the community college district's associate degree in nursing class size.
- 4. Require the Legislative Analyst's Office to conduct an evaluation of the pilot program to determine the effectiveness of the program and the need to continue or expand the program;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges support SB 895³⁹ (Roth, as of March 9, 2024) to establish the Baccalaureate Degree in Nursing Pilot Program.

Contact: Angela Echeverri, Los Angeles Community College District, ASCCC Legislative and Advocacy Committee

*113.02 S24 Support ACR 147 (Alvarez as of February 16, 2024): California's First-Generation College Celebration Day

Whereas, Assembly Concurrent Resolution 147 (Alvarez as of February 16, 2024) calls for the California Legislature to designate November 8, 2024, as "California's First-Generation College Celebration Day" to recognize the significant role of first-generation college students in developing the state's future workforce and to celebrate their achievement; and

Whereas, According to the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office, 35% of students enrolled in California's community colleges identify as first generation, highlighting the important role that community colleges play in their educational process;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges support the passage of ACR 147⁴⁰ (Alvarez as of February 16, 2024) and the designation of November 8, 2024, as "California's First-Generation College Celebration Day" and encourages local senates to actively recognize and celebrate this day; and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges work collaboratively with system partners to develop and enhance programs and services that specifically address the needs of first-generation college students, supporting their access to higher education and fostering their retention and completion rates.

Contact: Manuel Velez, ASCCC Executive Committee, ASCCC Legislation and Advocacy Committee

³⁹ SB 895 (Roth, 2024): https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/billNavClient.xhtml?bill_id=202320240SB895

⁴⁰ ACR 147 (Alvarez, 2024): https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/billNavClient.xhtml?bill_id=202320240ACR147

*+113.03 S24 Provisionally Support AB 2586 (Alvarez, as of February 14, 2024) Student Employment

Whereas, The Academic Senate for California Community Colleges,⁴¹ the Academic Senate of the California State University,⁴² the University of California Academic Senate,⁴³ and the Intersegmental Committee of the Academic Senates⁴⁴ have advocated in support of undocumented students, particularly students with Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA);

Whereas, On September 13, 2023, Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) was found unlawful, though, for the time being, current grants of DACA remain valid until they expire⁴⁵ and work authorization continues and can be renewed for existing DACA recipients;⁴⁶

Whereas, AB 2586 (Alvarez, as of February 14, 2024) will provide equal access to campus employment opportunities for all students, regardless of their immigration status, at the University of California, California State University, and California Community Colleges campuses by removing any of their current restrictions on the premise that federal prohibitions on hiring undocumented workers are inapplicable because those prohibitions do not state that they apply to state governments⁴⁷; and

Whereas, Support for AB 2586 (Alvarez, as of February 14, 2024) by the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges, out of concern for the ability of their undocumented students to succeed in the California community colleges and when they transfer to a four-year university,

https://asccc.org/sites/default/files/ICAS%20DACA%20Support%20from%20Chancellors%20Letter.pdf

⁴¹ See Resolution 06.03 S16 Supporting Dream Resource Liaisons: https://asccc.org/resolutions/supporting-dream-resource-liaisons; Resolution 03.02 S17 Support for Marginalized Students: https://asccc.org/resolutions/support-marginalized-students-0; and Resolution 03.03 S17 Support for Students with Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) Status: https://asccc.org/resolutions/support-students-deferred-action-childhood-arrivals-daca-status-0

⁴² ASCSU Resolution AS-3303-17/FGA In Support of the Preservation and Extension of the Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) Program: https://www.calstate.edu/csu-system/faculty-staff/academic-senate/resolutions/2017-2018/3303.pdf

⁴³ University of California Academic Senate, Academic Council Statement in Support of Undocumented Students Enrolled at UC, January 31, 2018: https://senate.universityofcalifornia.edu/_files/reports/SW-JN-aspirational-statement-support-for-undocumented-students.pdf

⁴⁴ ICAS DACA Support Request Letter, February 12, 2018:

⁴⁵ US Citizenship and Immigration Services, DACA Litigation Information and Frequently Asked Questions, accessed March 21, 2024: https://www.uscis.gov/humanitarian/consideration-of-deferred-action-for-childhood-arrivals-daca/daca-litigation-information-and-frequently-asked-questions

⁴⁶ Civil Rights Division, US Department of Justice, Reminders for DACA Recipients and Employers that Work Authorization Continues After the Latest Decision in the DACA Litigation, accessed March 21, 2024: https://www.justice.gov/crt/reminders-daca-recipients-and-employers

⁴⁷ AB 2586 (Alvarez, 2024): https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/billNavClient.xhtml?bill_id=202320240AB2586

would be consistent with several previous resolutions that pertained to our students once they transferred⁴⁸;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges provisionally support AB 2586⁴⁹ (Alvarez, as for February 14, 2024) to provide equal access to campus employment opportunities for all students, regardless of their immigration status, as it pertains to the California Community Colleges, and finalize a position of support for the bill after confirming that there is no objection to the bill from the academic senates of the California State University and University of California.

Contact: Jeffrey Hernandez, Los Angeles Community College District, Area C

*+113.04 S24 Support AB 2093 (Santiago, as of March 6, 2024) to Extend College Promise to California Community College Baccalaureate Degree Students

Whereas, The Academic Senate for California Community Colleges has long maintained a fundamental stance in opposition to mandatory student fees⁵⁰ and advocated for the lowest possible student fees to maximize student access⁵¹;

Whereas, The California College Promise allows community colleges to waive enrollment fees for two academic years for full-time students who have submitted a Free Application for Federal Student Aid or a California Dream Act application⁵²;

Whereas, The Academic Senate for California Community Colleges adopted Resolution 06.06 S21 in support of the permanent establishment of the baccalaureate degree programs in the California community colleges⁵³, and therefore it is vital that enrollment fee waivers be extended to baccalaureate degree program students; and

⁴⁸ See Resolution 04.07 S95 Concurrent Enrollment with University of California:

https://asccc.org/resolutions/concurrent-enrollment-university-california; Resolution 08.02 F99 UC Catalog Rights (Nonurgent from Spring 1999): https://asccc.org/resolutions/uc-catalog-rights-nonurgent-spring-1999; Resolution 06.01 S04 CSU Transfers: https://asccc.org/resolutions/csu-transfers; Resolution 15.02 S04 Protecting Transfer Students: https://asccc.org/resolutions/protecting-transfer-students; Resolution 15.04 S06 Information About Transferring Students: https://asccc.org/resolutions/information-about-transferring-students; and Resolution 15.02 F09 Re-Evaluate CSU Service Areas: https://asccc.org/resolutions/re-evaluate-csu-service-areas

⁴⁹ AB 2586 (Alvarez, 2024): https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/billNavClient.xhtml?bill_id=202320240AB2586

⁵⁰ See ASCCC Paper, "What's Wrong with Student Fees? Renewing the Commitment to No-Fee, Open-Access Community Colleges in California," adopted Fall 2004:

https://asccc.org/sites/default/files/publications/StudentFeesOpenAccess 0.pdf

⁵¹ Resolution 06.01 S11 Community College Fees: https://asccc.org/resolutions/community-college-fees

⁵² California Education Code §76396.3:

https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes displaySection.xhtml?lawCode=EDC§ionNum=76396.3

⁵³ Resolution 06.06 S21 Support AB 927 (Medina, 2021) as of April 9, 2021: https://asccc.org/resolutions/support-ab-927-medina-2021-april-9-2021; and AB 97 (Medina, 2021) chaptered October 6, 2021: https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/billTextClient.xhtml?bill id=202120220AB927

Whereas, AB 2093 (Santiago, as of March 6, 2024) "would extend the term of eligibility of the California College Promise for an additional 2 academic years for first-time community college students and returning community college students who matriculate into upper division coursework of a community college baccalaureate degree program" ⁵⁴;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges support AB 2093⁵⁵ (Santiago, as for March 6, 2024) to extend the California College Promise to students taking upper division courses in a baccalaureate degree program at a California community college.

Contact: Jeffrey Hernandez, Los Angeles Community College District, Area C

*+113.05 S24 Provisionally Support AB 2407 (Hart as of February 12, 2024) on Sexual Harassment Complaints

Whereas, The recent cases of sexual harassment in the California State University (CSU) system and the California Community Colleges (CCCs) have demonstrated the need for external oversight in the handling of Title IX complaints, have resulted in costly legal actions that divert precious resources away from serving students, and have led to legislation which requires annual reporting to the legislature by the CSUs, such as SB 808 (Dodd, 2023)^{56,57}, and external oversight is recommended of the CCC, CSU, and UC systems in A Call to Action Report 2024 by the Chair of the Assembly Higher Education Committee⁵⁸;

Whereas, Students are deprived of safe, equal, and free access to an education when they are subjected to sexual harassment or misconduct, including (but not limited to) sexual assault, sexual coercion, dating violence, domestic violence, stalking, cyber-stalking, retaliation, isolation, and other forms of discrimination based on gender and hate crimes based on gender, and the Vision 2030: A Roadmap for California Community Colleges⁵⁹ calls for a "Ninth-Grade Strategy" in which all California high school students enroll in community college and complete high school with at least 12 units of dual enrollment credit, including college and career access

⁵⁷ Truong, Debbie. "Six years, a trial, and a firing. But no end to a professor's sexual harassment fight." *Los Angeles Times*. 16 Oct. 2023:

https://go.boarddocs.com/ca/laccd/Board.nsf/files/CXZD6W344620/\$file/Inside%20a%20Los%20Angeles%20profesor's%20long%20sexual%20harassment%20fight%20-%20Los%20Angeles%20Times%20(2).pdf

⁵⁴ AB 2093 (Santiago, 2024): https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/billTextClient.xhtml?bill_id=202320240AB2093

⁵⁵ AB 2093 (Santiago, 2024): https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/billNavClient.xhtml?bill_id=202320240AB2093

⁵⁶ https://www.auditor.ca.gov/reports/2022-109/index.html

⁵⁸ A Call to Action: How Postsecondary Education Institutions Can Address Sex Discrimination and Provide Educational Justice on Campus, 2024, The California Assembly Committee on Higher Education, Chair Mike Fong: https://ahed.assembly.ca.gov/system/files/2024-02/a-call-to-action-report-2024 0.pdf

⁵⁹ https://www.cccco.edu/-/media/CCCCO-Website/docs/report/Vision-2030-A-Roadmap-for-California-Community-Colleges.pdf?la=en&hash=3B83F5221C4A7A8BEFA7E94D5BCBF540D2718013

pathways courses, and will result in a large increase in the number of under-aged students in college classrooms and faculty often become the first point of contact for the students when sexual harassment or misconduct occurs;

Whereas, Assembly Bill 2407 (Hart as of February 12, 2024), aims to address sexual harassment complaints in public postsecondary educational institutions in the state and ensure timely, fair, and impartial investigations of such complaints, which aligns with the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges' Fall 2023 Resolution 13.01 Prioritizing the Prevention of Sexual Harassment and Discrimination at California Community Colleges Campuses⁶⁰ as well as its commitment to promoting equity, inclusion, and a safe educational environment for all members of the community college system, including protection from retaliation for reporting alleged sexual misconduct; and

Whereas, A position of support for AB 2407 would be consistent with past positions of Academic Senate for California Community Colleges addressing concerns about our students who transfer to the CSUs and UCs⁶¹, have other implications for the CSUs and UCs⁶², and have called for audits to ensure compliance on priority matters⁶³, and the ASCCC prioritized the prevention of Sexual Harassment and Discrimination at the California Community College Campuses at the Fall 2023 plenary⁶⁴;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges provisionally support AB 2407⁶⁵ (Hart as of February 12, 2024) as it pertains to requiring the California State Auditor to conduct audits of the California Community Colleges regarding their handling and investigation of sexual harassment complaints, and finalize and communicate a position of full support for the

⁶⁰ https://asccc.org/resolutions/prioritizing-prevention-sexual-harassment-and-discrimination-california-community

⁶¹ See Resolution 04.07 S95 Concurrent Enrollment with University of California:

https://asccc.org/resolutions/concurrent-enrollment-university-california; Resolution 08.02 F99 UC Catalog Rights (Nonurgent from Spring 1999): https://asccc.org/resolutions/uc-catalog-rights-nonurgent-spring-1999; Resolution 06.01 S04 CSU Transfers: https://asccc.org/resolutions/csu-transfers; Resolution 15.02 S04 Protecting Transfer Students: https://asccc.org/resolutions/protecting-transfer-students; Resolution 15.04 S06 Information About Transferring Students: https://asccc.org/resolutions/information-about-transferring-students; and Resolution 15.02 F09 Re-Evaluate CSU Service Areas: https://asccc.org/resolutions/re-evaluate-csu-service-areas

⁶² See Resolution 06.03 S19 Provisionally Support SB 291 (Leyva, as of March 1, 2019): https://asccc.org/resolutions/provisionally-supportsb-291-leyva-march-1-2019; and Legislative and Resolution 06.02 F20 Systemic Support for Academic Freedom: https://asccc.org/resolutions/legislative-and-systemic-support-academic-freedom

⁶³ See Resolution 02.12 F02 Conflict of Interest: https://asccc.org/resolutions/conflict-interest; Resolution 06.05 F00 50% Audit of All Districts: https://asccc.org/resolutions/50-audit-all-districts; and Resolution 17.03 S94 Audit Matriculation Funds: https://asccc.org/resolutions/audit-matriculation-funds

⁶⁴ Resolution 13.01 F23 Prioritizing the Prevention of Sexual Harassment and Discrimination at California Community College Campuses: https://www.asccc.org/resolutions/prioritizing-prevention-sexual-harassment-and-discrimination-california-community

⁶⁵ AB 2407 (Hart, 2024): https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/billNavClient.xhtml?bill id=202320240AB2407

bill only after confirming that there is no objection to the bill from the academic senates of the California State University and University of California.

Contact: Angela Echeverri, Los Angeles Community College District, Area C

*+113.06 S24 In Support of Documented Dreamers

Whereas, Documented dreamers, or dependents of long-term employment-based visa-holders, who reach the age of 21 "must obtain another status or leave behind their families—and the only country they have ever known—to return to their country of birth" and "lose their status and opportunity for legal residency or citizenship"⁶⁶;

Whereas, These students then must return to our colleges as international students, paying international fees, while unable to legally work in the U.S. or obtain federal or state financial aid; and

Whereas, These documented dreamers, whose families were invited to move their children to the United States, are lawful residents, and in many cases long-time California students, and are valued members of our colleges who enrich our communities through leadership and service to our campuses and the surrounding areas;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate of the California Community Colleges support federal legislation that provides a path to citizenship, such as HR 3442 America's Children Act of 2023⁶⁷, and state legislation that provides financial relief and in-state tuition to the children of U.S. visa holders;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate of the California Community Colleges work with the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office and the Faculty Association for California Community Colleges to advocate for establishing and/or changing policy to support documented dreamers' access to in-state tuition and financial aid and to reduce barriers to community college degree and certificate attainment and transfer; and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate of the California Community Colleges work with the Student Senate of the California Community Colleges and system-wide partners to raise awareness in the California community colleges about the needs and challenges of documented dreamers.

Contact: Rebecca LaCount, Solano Community College, Area B

⁶⁶ https://americaschildrenact.com/static/media/America'sChildrenAct_One-Pager.d876041e00d2f2a1fa07.pdf

⁶⁷ HR 3442: https://www.congress.gov/bill/118th-congress/house-bill/3442/text?s=1&r=63

114 CONSULTATION WITH THE CALIFORNIA COMMUNITY COLLEGES CHANCELLOR'S OFFICE

*+114.01 S24 A-G Requirements Website to Support Dual Enrollment

Whereas, The California State University and the University of California systems require students to complete the A-G requirements for first year student admission⁶⁸;

Whereas, Transferable California Community College courses taken during high school may be used to satisfy the A-G requirements if the courses meet specific criteria⁶⁹;

Whereas, The Vision 2030 calls for California high school students to "complete high school with at least 12 units of dual enrollment credit" so as to "increase their interest in and understanding of college"; and

Whereas, An online repository that makes visible which of a California community college's courses will satisfy the A-G requirements may be of support to community college faculty and high school partners in the selection of courses to offer for dual enrollment;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges work with the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office, California State University Chancellor's Office, and the University of California Office of the President to develop an A-G requirements website that indicates, for dual enrollment students, A-G approval of community college courses.

Contact: Mark Edward Osea, Mendocino College, Area B

*+114.02 S24 Noncredit in the California Virtual Campus

Whereas, The California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office (CCCCO) has charged the California Virtual Campus (CVC) with "ensuring that significantly more students are able to

⁶⁸ CSU A-G Requirements: https://www.calstate.edu/apply/freshman/getting into the csu/pages/admission-requirements. https://admission.universityofcalifornia.edu/admission-requirements/

⁶⁹ For example, to satisfy one of the "B" English requirements for admission to the University of California, a course must meet the following criteria: "For each year required through the 11th grade, a grade of C or better in a non-transferable college course of 3 or more semester (4 or more quarter) units in English composition, literature (American or English) or foreign literature in translation. Courses used to satisfy the fourth year and/or the entire requirement must be transferable." Reference: https://admission.universityofcalifornia.edu/admission-requirements/subject-requirement-a-g.html

complete their educational goals by increasing both access to and success in high-quality online courses" 70;

Whereas, The California Virtual Campus lists in its Exchange noncredit courses only under somewhat restrictive circumstances and does not provide an adequate subject-based filter to select noncredit courses from its offerings; and

Whereas, The California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office emphasizes not only degree and certificate completion for all students, including career development and college preparation (CDCP) certificates in noncredit, but also providing access to students of diverse backgrounds;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community College (ASCCC) work with the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office and other appropriate higher education system partners with the goal of having the California Virtual Campus include noncredit courses from both Home and Teaching colleges, regardless of how the noncredit courses are coded, and with an adequate subject-based filter so students can more easily search for noncredit offerings.

Contact: Sheri Miraglia, City College of San Francisco, Area B

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⁷⁰ https://cvc.edu/about-the-oei/